

LUCWANINGO NGELIBITO ELULWIMINI LWESISWATI

NGU

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**Lucwaningo Iwekwenelisa ticu te-Master of Arts Siswati
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Sifungo

Mine Mahlalela Phindile Zamani ngiyafunga ngiyacinisekisa kutsi umsebenti lonesihloko lesitsi: **Lucwaningo Ngelibito Elulwimini LweSiswati**, ngewami futsi akekho loke wawumikisa esikhungweni semfundvo lephakeme ngaphambilini ngenhloso yekutfola ticu. Yonkhe imitfombo yelwati lesentjentisiwe ikhonjiswe ngalokuphelele.



Mahlalela P.Z.

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Lusuku

Emavi ekubonga.

Indlela ibutwa kulabasembili, kuliciniso lelingenakuphiswa kutsi umuntfu ngumuntfu ngebantfu. Ngalamavi ngitsandza kubonga kunati tinhlohloloti ngekungicecesha ngebucucudvu bato, nguDokotela K.J. Nkuna kanye naDokotela J.J. Thwala longasekho kuleli lelimagadze lahlabako, nembara tandla tiya enhloko kini ngibonga angicedzi ngeligalelo nekungeseka ngate ngaphumelela kuphotfula lolucwaningo ngeLibito elulwimni IweSiswati. Ngiphindze ngibonge bantfwabami Nkosinathi, Mayibongwe kanye naThando ngekungesekela ngisachubeka ngelucwaningo.

Lugcogco

Lolucwaningo lutsintsa libito elulwimini IweSiswati. Lubukwe ngaphasi kwemikhakha lelandzelako: imphimisomsindvo, ingucukomsindvo, lubumbomagama, luhlelomisho nenchazomagama. Lolucwaningo lutawubuka luhlelo neluhlelembiso lolutsintsa titfo tenkhulumo letilandzelako: tikhanyiso, tihlanganiso, tibabato, tichasiso netilandziso. Lolucwaningo luyolandzela imikhakha yelulwimi. Lapha kutawuhlatiywa tinhlobo temabito letifana naleti: emabitomvama, emabitogcogca, emabitongco nemabitosimo. Kutawubukwa bomcondvofana, bomphimbohluka, bomabitofana, emagamatikhawu nalokunye. Kugcogceka nekuhleleka kwawo kutawulandzela imigodvu yabo-Doke, Meinhof naGivon.

Emagamamcoka: Bomphimbohluka, emagamatikhawu, umgudvululwimi, umkhakha lomncane wesayensi-lulwimi netitfo tenkhulumo

Abstract

This is a study of Siswati nouns. They are looked at through various linguistics perspectives namely: phonetics, phonology morphology, syntax and semantics. They will be analysed both grammatically and structurally in relation to other parts of speech, namely: descriptives, conjunctives, interjectives, qualificatives and predicative. The study will be informed by the linguistics approach which will be solely confined to microlinguistics dimension. There are various types of nouns that are selected for the study, namely: common nouns, collective nouns, proper nouns, abstract nouns, and so on. They will further be split into synonyms, homonyms, homophones, lexical gaps, etc. Their classifications and categorizations are guided by Doke, Meinhof and Givon's approaches.

Key words: Homonyms, lexical gaps, linguistic approach, microlinguistics and parts of speech.

Lokucuketfwe

SEHLUKO SEKUCALA	1
SETFULO SELUCWANINGO	1
1.0. SETFULO	1
1.1. SINGENISO	2
1.2. SIKHUTSATO SELUCWANINGO	3
1.3. TINHLOSO TELUCWANINGO	4
1.4. IMIBUTO YELUCWANINGO	4
1.5. TINDLELA TEKUCWANINGA	4
1.6. KUCHAZWA KWEMAGAMA	5
1.6.1. LUCWANINGO	5
1.6.2. LIBITO	5
1.6.3. LULWIMI	6
1.6.4. SOLWIMI	7
1.7. UMKHAWULO WELUCWANINGO	7
1.8. UMONGO WELUCWANINGO	7
1.9. SIPHETFO	8
SEHLUKO SESIBILI	9
KUBUYEKETWA KWEMIBHALO	9
2.1. SINGENISO	9
2.2. IMIBONO YEBAHLUTI	9
2.3. IMIBONO YAMASHEGO (2015)	10
2.4. IMIBONO YALUTRIN NAPINCUS (2007)	14
2.5. IMIBONO YASIBANDA NAMTHEMBU (2005)	15
2.6. IMIBONO YE-GLENCOE 10 (1993)	16
2.7. IMIBONO YANHLUMAYO NAMAHLALELA (1989)	17
2.8. IMIBONO YAMABUZA NAMAHLALELA (1988)	17
2.9. IMIBONO YADLAMINI (1988)	25
2.10. IMIBONO YASAPIR (1921)	27
2.11. IMIBONO YAZIERVOGEL NAMABUZA (1978)	28
2.12. SIPHETFO	31
SEHLUKO SESITSATFU	32

TINHLOBO NEKUSEBENTA KWELIBITO EMUSHWENI KANYE NENCHAZOMAGAMA.....	32
3.1. SINGENISO	32
3.2. EMAGAMA ENHLONIPHO	32
3.3. EMAGAMA ETINHLOBO TEKUDLA KWESISWATI	35
3.4. EMAGAMA EBANTFU LAKHOMBIA TIMILO, TENTO KANYE NETIMO TABO37	
3.5. EMAGAMA ETINHLOBO TETINKHOMO NALOKUTSITE NGATO	39
3.6. EMAGAMA LAMAYELANA NEMVUNULO YESISWATI.....	41
3.6.1. IMVUNULO YALABASIKATI.....	41
3.6.2. IMVUNULO YALABADVUNA.....	44
3.7. TIFINYETO.....	46
3.8. EMAGAMA EBANTFWANA BETILWANE.....	48
3.9. EMAGAMA EBANTFU NETILWANE LAMELE BULILI.....	49
3.10. EMAGAMA ETJANI NGESISWATI	50
3.11. EMAGAMA LANDZINDZISANAKO	50
3.12. BUHLOBO NGEKUTALANA	51
3.13. TITSELO TASENDLE	54
3.14. KUSETJENTISWA KWELIBITO EMSHWENI.....	62
3.15. SIPHETFO	67
SEHLUKO SESINE.....	69
KWAKHIWA KWEMALIBITO NEKUHLELEKA KWETIGABA	69
4.1. SINGENISO	69
4.2. TICALO TEMABITO	69
4.2.1. LUHLA LWETICALO LWA-KARL MEINHOF	69
4.2.2. LUHLA LWETICALO LWA-CLEMENT DOKE	70
4.2. 3. LUHLA LWATAMYL GIVON	75
4.3. KUCATSANISWA KWETICALO TEMABITO NGEKWETIGABA TAWO....	75
4.4. KUHLELWA KWETICALO TEMABITO	77
4.5. UMCONDVO LOCUKETFWE TIGABA TACLEMENT DOKE	77
4.5.1 SIGABA 1	77
4.5.2. SIGABA 1a.....	77
4.5.3. SIGABA 2.....	79
4.5.4. SIGABA 3.....	80

4.5.5.	SIGABA 4	81
4.5.6.	SIGABA 5	82
4.5.7.	SIGABA 7	84
4.5.8.	SIGABA 8	84
4.6.	TICU TEMABITO	85
4.6. 1.	TICU TEMVELO	85
4.6. 2.	TICU TEKUBOLEKWA	86
4.6.2.1.	TICU LETIBOLEKWE KULETINYE TITFO TENKHULUMO	86
4.6.2.2.	TICU LETIBOLEKWE KULETINYE TILWIMI/ IMIFAKELA	86
4.7.	EMABITOMUNTFU	87
4.7.1.	EMABITOMUNTFU LASEBENTISA SICALO SESIGABA 1	87
4.7.2.	EMABITOMUNTFU LASEBENTISA SAKHI LESIJUTJIWE LESINGU -NE	
	87	
4.7.3.	EMABITOMUNTFU LASEBENTISA TICALO TESIGABA 3	87
4.7.4.	EMABITOMUNTFU LASEBENTISA TICALO TESIGABA 4	87
4.7.5.	EMABITOMUNTFU LASEBENTISA TICALO TESIGABA 5	88
4.7.6.	EMABITOMUNTFU LAKHIWE NGEKUSEBENTISA SIJOBELELO –SE.	88
4.8.	EMABITONTFO	89
4.9.	EMABITONGCO	90
4.10.	EMABITOMVAMA	93
4.11.	TINCIPHISO	94
4.12.	SIKHULISO	97
4.13.	EMABITO LAKHIWA NGEKUPHINDZA SICU	99
4.14.	EMABITOSENTO	100
4.15.	KWAKHIWA KWEMABITO ETICHASISWENI	103
4.16.	KWAKHIWA KWEMABITO ETANDZISWENI	104
4.17.	KWAKHIWA KWEMABITO ETENTAKUTSINI	104
4.18.	KWAKHIWA KWEMABITO ETIBABATWENI	104
4.19.	EMABITO LATIBANJALO (TIBANJALOBITO) (COPULATIVE OF THE NOUN)	105
4.20.	EMABITO LABONDZAWENI (BOBITONDZAWENI)	106
4.21.	EMABITOMFUTISELO	108
4.22.	EMABITOMBACA	109
4.23.	SIPHETFO	111

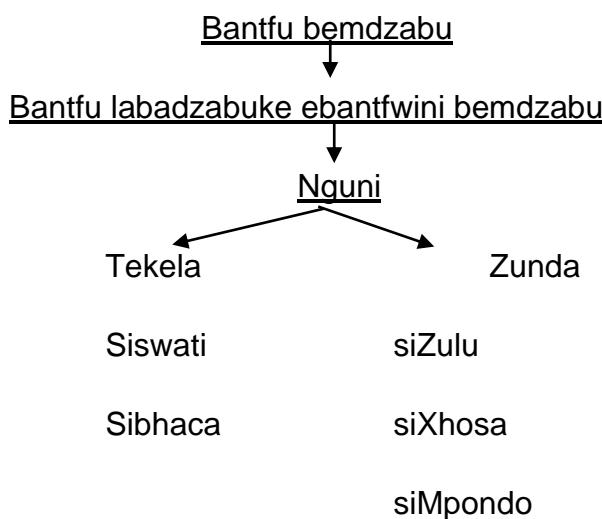
SEHLUKO SESIHLANU	113
SIPHETFO SELUCWANINGO	113
5.1. SINGENISO	113
5.2. LOKUTFOLAKELE	113
5.3. TINCOMO	114
TINCWADZI LETIFUNDZIWE	116

SEHLUKO SEKUCALA SETFULO SELUCWANINGO

1.0. SETFULO

Siswati lulwimi lolukhulunywa bantfu labatibita ngeMaswati labatfolakala eveni laseKingdom of Eswatini naseNingizimu Afrika. Sibalo lesicondzile sebantfu labakhuluma Siswati asatiwa njengoba alukho lucwaningo loluke lwentiwa ngaloku, kodywa kulinganiselwa kutsi balinganiselwa etigidzini leti-1.7 bantfu labakhuluma Siswati, linyenti labo lihlala lapha eNingizimu Afrika. Siswati lulwimi lelamukelwe ngalokusemtsetfweni eNingizimu Afrika naseKingdom of Eswatini. Eveni laseKingdom of Eswatini, cishe bonkhe batfu bakhuluma Siswati. Lapha eNingizimu Afrika, Siswati sikhulunywa kakhulu esifundzeni saseMpumalanga. Siswati ngulesinye setifundvo lesifundziswa etikolweni talamave omabili.

Siswati ngulolunye Iwetilwimi letatiwa ngekutsi tilwimi tesiNguni, lokutilwimi tebantfu. Ekuhlukaniseni kwendzawo kwaGuthrie (1967-1971) Siswati njengelulwimi lubekwe eluhlwini Iwa-S. Tati telulwimi eNingizimu Afrika nato tisebentisa luhlelo loluncane Iwekwehlukanisa tilwimi letihlobene tesive. Kulesi sigaba lesincane, Siswati silihulungu laloku lokubitwa ngekutsi tilwimi tesiNguni. Loluhlu Iwetilwimi Iwehlukaniswe tigaba letimbili nobe emagaja lamabili. Ngakolunye luhlangotsi kukhona sigatjana setilwimi lettingena ngaphasi kweligatja Iwetilwimi Zunda kantsi ngakulolunye luhlangotsi kuneligaja letilwimi Tekela letigatjana tihlukanisa tilwimi tesiNguni, njengobe kuvetwa lapha ngentasi:



1.1. SINGENISO

Lulwimi IweSiswati luyafana naletinye tilwimi letisetjentiswa bantfu bakuletinye tive. Lulwimi nenkhulumo lubalulekile. Uma ufunu kusho lokutsite kulomunye uyaye ukhulume naye. Uma sikhuluma siyaye siphimise emagama ngemlomo. Emimangweni nasetigodzini letehlukene sitfola bantfu labakhulumisanako. Kuze kube nenkhulumo lephelele nalevakalako kumbe umbhalo lobumbene locuketse umcondvo lovakalako, kusuke kuhlanganiswe takhi. Uma takhi setihlangene takha emagama laphelele, lawo magama angafakwa etitfweni tenkhulumo letibalulekile.

Singakabuki kutsi bosolwimi nebabhali kumbe bahlatiyi labehlukene batsini ngelibito; ase sibuke libito ngalokuvamile. Libito ligama lentfo lebonakalako nobe lengabonakali. Libito laklıwa ngesicalo kanye nesicu. Tinyenti tinhlobo temabito letinye tato ngunati letiletilandzelako; emabitontfo, loluhlobo Iwebito lisuselwa esicwini sesento ngekubulala nkhamisa losekugcineni bese kujotjelelwa nkhamisa “o” bese kucalwa ngesicalo lesifanele. Emabitomuntfu, libitomuntfu ligama lelivela esicwini sesento ngekubulala nkhamisa losekugcineni bese kulotjelelwa “i”, bese kucaliswa ngesicalo lesifanele. Emabitombici, libitombici libito lelaklıwe ngetitfo letimbili tenkhulumo noma ngetulu. Tinciphiso, lawa ngemagama laveta buncane bentfo, lekungaba buncane bentfo ngemtimba, ngeminyaka, ngelinani, ngekuyedzeleta nangekuteketisa.

Libito lingasetjentiswa ngetindlela letinyenti emshweni; libito lingaba yinhloko yemusho, libito lingalandzelwa sento emshweni, libito lingalandzelwa siphawulo emshweni, libito lingalandzelwa sibaluli emshweni, libito lingalandzela sibaluli emshweni, libito lingalandzelwa sabito selucobo emshweni, libito lingalandzela sabito selucobo emshweni, libito lingalandzela sento emshweni, libito lingalandzela sento emshweni, libito lingalandzelwa sibalulinsombo emshweni, libito lingandvulela sibalulingco emshweni, libito lingalandzelwa siphawulo emshweni, libito lingalandzelwa linani emshweni, Libito lingasetjentiswa libe ngumentiwangco kanye namentiwansombo emshweni, libito lingalandzela imphambosi yekwentiwa emshweni, libito lingalandzela imphambosi yekwentela emshweni, libito lingalandzelwa imphambosi yekwentisa emshweni, libito lingalandzelwa yimphambosi yekwentisia emshweni, libito lingalandzelwa yimphambosi yekwentiwa

emshweni, libito lingalandzelwa yimphambosi yekwentana emshweni naletinye tindlela.

Kuphila kwetfu konkhe kweyame kakhulu kulesitfo senkhulumo lesilibito. Yonkhe intfo inelibito, uma bekungenjalo lapho ufunu kukhuluma kumbe ulayetele umuntfu intfo letsite bewuyobe ukhuluma lite lapho ungakayigaguli ngeligama.

Luhlatiyo mayelana nelibito lutawutsintsa loku lokulandzelako:

- Liyini libito?
- Tinhlobo temabito
- Kwakhiwa kwemabito
- Kubaluleka kwemabito

1.2. SIKHUTSATO SELUCWANINGO

Lulwimi lusibuko, lusikhombisa lokusengcondvweni yemuntfu. Nawufuna kumati kahle umuntfu uye ulalele loko lakushoko kanye nendlela lakusho ngayo. Lulwimi ngilo loluveta ngalokusebaleni bunjalo bemuntfu. LiSwati uyawuliva kahle enkhulumeni yalo. Imihambo nebuve bemuntfu buye butfolakale kahle elulwimini lalukhulumako.

Imihambo nebuve itsintsa emasiko. EmaSwati asalahlekelwe buve, imihambo kanye nemasiko ngesimanga sekungalunaki lulwimi IweSiswati. Lolucwaningo lukhutsatwe nguloku lokulandzelako:

- Kudzingeka lucwaningo lolujulile lolutsintsa emabito/emagama endzabuko lafaka ekhatsi tinhlobo tekudla kweSiswati, imvunulo, bantfwana betilwane nebulili betilwane elulwimini IweSiswati lolwentiwe.
- kudzingeka lucwaningo lolubukisise emagama enhloniphо ngalokujulile.
- Kufuneka lucwaningo lolutsintsa emabito etinhlobo tebantu lolwentiwe elulwimini IweSiswati.
- Kufuneka lucwaningo lolubuke emabito lamele buniyo (the possessive nouns) esiSwatini lolwentiwe.

- Kudzingeka lucwaningo lolutsintsa emabito latibanjalo (copulative of the noun) lolwentiwe elulwimini Iwesiswati.
- Kufuneka lucwaningo lolutsintsa emabito labondzaweni (nouns as locatives) lolwentiwe elulwimini IweSiswati.

1.3. TINHLOSO TELUCWANINGO

Tinhloso talolucwaningo tigcile kuloku lokulandzelako:

- Kuhlolisia kabanti tinhlobo temabito letikhona elulwimini IweSiswati.
- Kuhlolisia kubaluleka kwelibito elulwimini IweSiswati.
- Kubukisia kwakheka kwelibito.
- Kuhlolisia budlelwano lobukhona emkhatsini welibito kanye naletinye titfo tenkhulomo.

1.4. IMIBUTO YELUCWANINGO

Kubalulekile kutsi lucwaningo lube nemibuto. Ngiyo kanye imibuto lebeka ebaleni tingcinamba kumbe tinkinga letente kutsi kube nelucwaningo. Kulolucwaningo sitawubuka imibuto lelandzelako:

- Ngutiphi tinhlobo temabito letikhona elulwimini IweSiswati?
- Libaluleke ngani libito esiSwatini?
- Lakheke njani libito?
- Bungakanani budlelwano belibito kanye naletinye titfo tenkhulomo?

1.5. TINDLELA TEKUCWANINGA

Lapha kusetjentiswe indlela letetayelekile yekucwaninga. Kusetjentiswe lendlela lelandzelako; yekufundza tincwadzi. Inhoso yalendlela kutfola Iwatisisekelo (*primary knowledge*) nendlela salolucwaningo lolubalulekile. Kuyatfolakala kakhulu lokubhaliwe ngelibito elulwimini IweSiswati. Nako loku lokukhona ngulokwahlulelako kunekutsi kubukwe libito ngalokuphelele. Lapha sitfole Iwatisitsatsiselo (*secondary knowledge*) ngekwakheka nangemisebenti yelibito.

1.6. KUCHAZWA KWEMAGAMA

Emagama lachaziwe lapha ngulawo lasisekelo salolucwaningo. Atfolakala cishe kuto tonkhe tehluko talolucwaningo. Emagama ladzinga kuchazwa ngunawa lalandzelako: libito nelulwimi

1.6.1. LUCWANINGO

Lucwaningo indlela lehlelekile yekucubungula, kuhlatiya, kuhluta, kuhlahlela, kuhlolisa nebe kupheculula lokutsite kute kufinyelelw etimphendvulweni letinsha taloku lokucwaningwa ngako. Lelibito lelitsi Lucwaningo lelisuselwa esentweni cwaninga.

Kabir (2016: 12) uchaza ligama lelitsi lucwaningo atsi:

Research is a scientific approach of answering a research question, solving a problem or generating new knowledge through a systematic and orderly collection, organization, and analysis of information with an ultimate goal of making the research useful in decision-making.

Lucwaningo luyindlela yesayensi yokuphendvula imbuto yelucwaningo, kucatulula inkhinga noma kukhicitia Iwati lolusha ngengcoco lehlelekile nelecokelelw, nekuhlatiya Iwati ngenhoso yokugcina nekwenta lucwaningo lube lusito ekutsatseni tincumo.

Loku lokuvetwa ngulosolwati lapha ngenhle kufakazela loku lokundvulwelwa ngako lenkhulumo yalosolwati. Lenchazelo yalosolwati iveta emaphuzu labalulekile ngekucwaninga lekumaphuzu lavetwe enkhulumeni leyendvulela lenchazelo; kuhlatiya, kuphendvula imibuto nekukhicitia Iwati lolusha.

1.6.2. LIBITO

Libito ligama lelisetjentiswa njengeligama lemuntfu, indzawo nobe intfo letsite lesingayicabanga.

Nhlumayo naMahlalela (1989:25) bachaza libito batsi:

Libito ligama lentfo lebonakalako nalengabonakali: umuntfu, bubi, emanga, intfo.

Sibanda naMthembu (2005:17) bachaza ngelibito batsi:

Libito ligama lesibita ngalo intfo letsite. Nawubona intfo lenkhulu idvuma ibanga umsindvo, kepha ibe indiza emoyeni utakutsi yindiza libito layo lelo. Labanye batsi yimflamashini kani labanye bayibita ngalamanye emabito leyontfo. Kuyenteka noko ngalesinye sikhatsi intfo siyigagule ngelibito layo kepha ibe ingabonakali, njengemoya, umcabango kanye nemsindvo. Lokusho kutsi emabito singawehlukanisa imikhakha lemibili. Emagama etintfo letibonakalako nemagama etintfo letingabonakali.

Kafishane nje yonkhe intfo lekhona ledaliwe inelibito. Kusukela kulokusesibhakabhakeni kuze kube ngulokusemhlabeni nasematfunjini emhlaba, konkhe kunemabito. Njengobe sebachazile boSibanda naMthembu, kungaba tintfo letiphilako, letingaphili, letibonakalako naletingabonakali kodwva tonkhe tibitwa ngemagama ato.

1.6.3. LULWIMI

Lulwimi indlela leyinhloko yekuchumana kwebantu, lehlanganisa emagama lasetjentiswa ngendlela lehlelekile nalevamile futsi adluliswe ngenkulumo, ngekubhalwa, nobe ngekunyakatisa umtimba ngendlela letsite.

Sapir (1921:8) uchaza lulwimi atsi:

Language is a purely human and non-instinctive method of communicating ideas, emotions and desires by means of voluntarily produced symbols.

Lulwimi yindlela yebantfu yemvelo yekudlulisa imibono, imiva netifiso ngekusebentisa timphawu letichitwa ngekutitsandzela.

Hall (1968: 158) yena uchaza lulwimi atsi:

Language is the institution whereby humans communicate and interact with each other by means of habitually used oral-auditory arbitrary symbols.

Lulwimi yindlela yekukhuluma lesetjentiswa bantfu besive lesitsite, luyintfo lesersetjentiselwa kucabanga nekuchumana. Lusisetjentiswa semasiko nebuhe lekwabelwana ngako ebantfwini kute kutsi ummango labahlala kuwo ube ncono.

1.6.4. SOLWIMI

Nasikhuluma ngasolwimi sisuke sikhuluma ngemuntfu losati setilwimi letitsite lekungaba lulwimi lwakhe lekutalwa nobe ngulolunye lulwimi lalufundzele. Solwimi ngumuntu lofundza ngeticu telulwimi, letifaka ekhatsi lwatimagama, luhlelo lwelulwimi, umsindvo welulwimi, nekutsi emagama atjintja njani ngekuhamba kwesikhatsi.

Sibanda naMthembu (2005: 217) batsi:

Solwimi ngumuntfu lofundzele kucwaninga lulwimi, aluhlatiye ngandlelatsite.

Lenchazelo lengenhla ifakazela kona kutsi solwimi ngumuntfu lofundze ngelulwimi wati ticu telulwimi letehlukene njengobe setibaliwe phambilini. Kubalulekile kutsi uma ufunu kuba sati selulwimi ufundze kabanti ngalelo lulwimi lofuna kwatingalo lekungaba lulwimi lolikhuluma ekhaya nobe lolunye.

1.7. UMKHAWULO WELUCWANINGO

Lolucwaningo lonkhe lugcile elibitweni elulwimini IweSiswati ngekutsi kubukwe inhlelembu (structure), lokucuketfwe nobe umnyombo (content) nekusetjentiswa kwalo (function).

1.8. UMONGO WELUCWANINGO

Lolucwaningo lugcile ekucwaningeni ngekwakhekha kwelibito kanye netinhlobo temabito. Lucwaningo luhleleke ngalendlela:

Sehluko sekucala: setfula lucwaningo ngekuveta tinhoso, tindlela kanye nemkhawulo welucwaningo.

Sehluko sesibili: sitsintsa imibono yebahlatiyi labehlukene belibito.

Sehluko sesitsatfu: lapha kubukwe tinhlobo temabito nekubaluleka kwawo elulwimini IweSiswati.

Sehluko sesine: lapha kubukwe kwakheka kwelibito ngekulihlahlela (ticalo neticu), ngekwetigaba temabito, nekwakheka kwemabito asuselwa kuletinye titfo tenkhulumo.

Sehluko sesihlanu: siphetfo selucwaningo lesiveta lokutfolakele ngekubaluleka kwelibito, tinhlobo temabito kanye nekwakheka kwemabito. Imiphumela yelucwaningo kanye netiphakamiso tivela kulesehluko.

1.9. SIPHETFO

Lapha kubukwe sendlalelo selucwaningo lolutsintsa libito njengesitfo senkhulumo. Kugcilwe kakhulu emigudvwini lemibili: wemisebenti neweluchumano. Kuhleleka kwalomsebenti kweyame kulesehluko lesingumhlahlandlela.

SEHLUKO SESIBILI KUBUYEKETWA KWEMIBHALO

2.1. SINGENISO

Lapha kulesehluko kubukwa imibono yabosolwimi labehlukene lecondzene nelibito. Kubalulekile kutsi kuhlatiywe yona kucala ngembikwekutsi kubukwe tinhlobo temabito nekwakheka kwelibito ngalokupuhelele.

Libito lisitfo senkhulomo lesisitfwana lesitalwa sitfo lesikhulu “**sobito**”. Babili bantfwana basobito, libito nesabito. Titfo tenkhulomo tibaluleke kakhulu elulwimini IweSiswati. Lapho ubona umusho uphelele futsi unemcondvo lovakalako kusuke kusetjentiswe titfo tenkhulomo ngekwehlukahlukana kwato. Tisitfupha titfo tenkhulomo letibalulekile.

- (a) Sobito
- (b) Sichasiso
- (c) Silandziso
- (d) Sikhanyiso
- (e) Sibabato
- (f) Sihlanganiso

Letinye taletitfo letingenhla tinetitfwana tato. Sobito utala libito nesabito; sichasiso sitala siphawulo, sibaluli, buniyo kanye nelinani; silandziso sitala sento nesibanjalo bese kutsi sikhanyiso sitala sandziso nesentakutsi.

2.2. IMIBONO YEBAHLUTI

Imibono yebahluti lecondzene nelibito ibaluleke kakhulu. Kubalulekile kutsi kuhlatiywe yona kucala ngembi kwekubuka libito ngalokupuhelele. Nasikhuluma siye sisibentise emagama lamanyenti. Lamanye alamagama siwasebentisa ekubiteni tintfo letitsele. Njengasemakhaya kukhona emagama lesibita ngawo bantfu siphindze sibite netintfo letitsite ngawo. Lamagama kutsiwa ngemabito ngobe sisibentisa wona kugagula letitsite. Ngako-ke kubalulekile kutsi sati kabanti ngalamagama nekutsi

akheka njani. Loko sitokutfola ngekutsi sibuke imibono yabosolwati labehlukene lababeke ngelibito ngetindlela letahlukene. Sibanda naMdluli (1997:101)

2.3. IMIBONO YAMASHEGO (2015)

Kute silati ligama sibuye silichaze kahle futsi, kufanele silihlahlele sitfole kutsi ngutiphi takhi talo. Leso naleso sakhi sineligama laso. Siswati sinanati takhi:

(i) Imisuka (Roots or radicals)

Umsuka ngulencenyе yelingama lengagucuki lapho kwakhiwa lamanye emagama ngalo ngaphandle kwalapho kwakhiwa bolwangeni ngalesinye sikhatsi.

Tibonelo:

Buk-	-	buk-wa
tfwal-	-	tfwal-isa
-fati	-	um-fati, ba-fati
-khomo	-	in-khomo tin-khomo
-sebent-	-	um-sebenti, imi-sebenti

Caphela: kunengucuko uma kwakhiwa bolwangeni:

boph-	bosh-wa	boph-eka
gubh-	guj-wagubh-	ela
khulum-	khuluny-wa	khulumela
pomp-	pontj-wa	pompela

(ii) Ticu (Stems)

Sicu ngulencenyе lesalako egameni uma kususwa sicalo.

Tibonelo:

Umuntfu:	umu-	sicalo
	-ntfu	sicu

Sibaya: si -sicalo

Baya -sicu

(iii) Ticalo (Prefixes)

Sakhi seligama lesifakwa ekucaleni kwalo kutsiwa sicalo. Sicalo singakhomba bunye nobe bunyenti belibito. Sicalo singasetjentiswa nalapho kwakhiwa tibanjalo netandziso.

Tibonelo:

umunfu - umu- sicalo

bogogo - bo- sicalo

lukhuni - lu- sicalo

kaLobamba - ka- sicalo

(iv) Tivumelwano (Conords)

Leti takhi lokucaliswa ngato etichasisweni nasetilandzisweni. Tonkhe tivumelwano tivumelana neticalo temabito letisetjentiswa noma lokukhulunywa ngato.

Tibonelo:

Mine *ng̊itsandza* inyama.

Babe *utsandza* emasi.

Bantfu *batsandza* imali.

Tinkhomu *tidla* ummbila.

Ngibone likati */elimnyama*.

(v) Tijobelos (Suffixes)

Leti takhi letifakwa ekugcineni kwemagama. Tingasetjentiswa ekwakheni tinciphiso, tikhuliso temabito lacondza busikati netetiphawulo. Tingasetjentiswa futsi tijobelelo lapho kwakhiwa tento.

Tibonelo:

(a) Ekwakheni tinciphiso

Imbuti - imbuta-na

Siphuku - siphuk-wana

Impuphu - imphush-ana

(b) Ekwakheni tikhuliso tetiphawulo

Khulu - kati

Banti - kati

Ncama - kati

(c) Ekwakheni tikhuliso temabito lacondza busikati

Inkhosi - kati

Imbhuti - kati

(d) Ekwakheni tento

Khulu - phala

Vila - pha

Bhoklo - ta

Tfol - akala

(vi) Tinsitasento (Verbal Auxiliaries)

Letakhi tisetjentiswa kakhulu ekwakheni tikhatsi netindlela enkhulumeni.

Tibonelo:

(a) Sikhatsi samanje: Sicondziso iesenachubeka.

'sa-' ngi-sa-khuluma

Ngi-sa-bukela

(b) Sikhatsi lesitako

tawu - ngi-tawu-fika

ngi-tawu-khuluma

yawu - ngi-yawu-fika

ngi-yawu-khuluma

(c) Sikhatsi lesadlula

-a- - nga-khuluma

nga-bona

ta-natsa

(d) Lesisandza kwedlula

be- be-ngikhuluma

be-ngihambile

be-batsandza

(e) Indlela lesabito

a- a-sikhulume

a-sigijime

(vii) Takhi letibutako naletigcizelelako (Enclitics)

Kucatjangwa kutsi letakhi kwake kwaba ngemagama latimele ngekwawo nje. Letakhi tivame kufakwa ekugcineni kweligmaga noma sento sekucala emshweni.

bo! - hambani bo!

Kunami bo! Ufunani bo!

ni - ufunani?

ukhulumani?

phi - uvelaphi?

uyaphi?

ke - hamba-ke

thula-ke

ko - lokhuluma-ko

lohamba-ko

nje - silwane-nje

yincane-nje

(viii) Takhi letifikwa ekucaleni kwemabito (Proclitics)

Nato letakhi kucatjangwa kutsi kwake kwaba ngemagama latimele odvwa.

Tibonelo:

na- (na + imbuti) nembuti

(na + yena) naye

nga- (nga + inji) ngenja

(nga + umuntfu) ngemuntfu

ka- (ka + khulu) kakhulu

(ka + mnandzi) kamnandzi

2.4. IMIBONO YALUTRIN NAPINCUS (2007)

*A noun is a naming word. Every person, place or thing is identified with a name, without which we would not be able to communicate or understand one another. There are four types of nouns: **common***

nouns, proper nouns, collective nouns and abstract nouns.

Common nouns are names given to ordinary objects. Common nouns are usually identified by **the, a, or an** preceding them: **the sea, a fly, an orange**. **Proper nouns** always begin with capital letters. They are the names given to persons, places, days, months. **Abstract nouns** usually refer to something that we cannot see, touch, or measure and **collective nouns** are names of collections or of groups of objects, people or creatures.

Ngalamafishane labahlatiyi batsi ngaphandle kwelibito angete sati kutsi sikhuluma ngani futsi inkhulomo yetfu ingaba ngulengakapheleli.

2.5. IMIBONO YASIBANDA NAMTHEMBU (2005)

Phansi kwasobito sibutsele ndzawonye emabito, tabito kanye netichasiso. Letinhlobo letintsatfu temagama tinekuhambelana lokutsite. Nasibhekisia kahle sitfola kutsi inkunzi yalesibaya libito. Tonkhe leti letinye tinhlobo temagama teyeme kakhulu ebitweni.

Lokusho kutsi kute umusho ube nemcondvo lophelele kufanele ube nelibito.

Tibonelo. (a) **indvodza** ifulela indlu.

(b) **indvodza yona** ifulela indlu.

(c) **indvodza lenkhulu** ifulela indlu.

Nasibuka lamagama lagcamile lapha ku (b) na (c) sitfola kutsi kute abe nemcondvo lophelele eyame kuleli lelitsi indvodza. Sabito lesitsi yona sibhekise kuyo indvodza kani nalesichasiso lesitsi lenkhulu sichaza indvodza. Nasingesusa leligama lelitsi indvodza singatiyela kutsi lesabito lesitsi yona nalesichasiso lesitsi lenkhulu kubhekise kuliphi ligama.

Bachaza libito batsi:

Libito ligama lesibita ngalo intfo letsite. Nawubona intfo lenkhulu idvuma ibanga umsindvo, kepha ibe indiza emoyeni utakutsi yindiza. Libito layo lelo. Labanye batsi yiflaymashini kani labanye bayibita ngalamanye emabito leyontfo. Kuyenteka noko ngalesinye sikhatsi intfo siyigagule ngelibito layo kepha ibe ingabonakali,

njengemoya, umcabango kanye nemsindvo. Lokusho kutsi emabito singawehlukanisa imikhakha lemibili kanje:

Wekucala > emagama etintfo letibonakalako: liguma, imoti, umuntfu, sivalo sandla.

Wesibili > emagama etintfo lettingabonakali: umoya, ingcondvo, luntfu, umphefumulo (sibanda namthembu 2005:17).

Libito ligama lesibita ngalo umuntfu, indzawo nobe intfo. Kunemabitomvama, emabitongco, emabitosimo nemabito etintfo lesingakhona kutitsintska kumbe singatsi letiphatsekako. Lamanye emabito anebunye nebunyenti kantsi lamanye etc.

2.6. IMIBONO YE-GLENCOE 10 (1993)

A noun is a word that names a person, a place, a thing, or an idea. Person: woman, man, Juanita Brown, great-grandfather. Place: planet, texas, farm, high school. Thing: dolphin, parrot, ivy, bookmark Idea: success, affection, freedom, courage. The possessive form of a noun can show possession, ownership, or the relationship between two nouns.

Kulenchazelo yelibito lengenhla siyabona kutsi labosolwimi abakagcini ngekuchaza libito netinhlobo temabito letetayelekile njengemabitomvama, emabitogcogca, emabitosimo, emabitongco nalamanye. Kunaloko baphawule nangemabito lamele buniyo (the possessive forms of nouns). Lawa magama esiswatini singawabita ngekutsi mabitobuniyo.

Singular possessive (bunye bebuniyo) Plural possessive (bunyenti bebuniyo)

The girl's coat

(lijazi lemantfombatane) The girls' coats

(emajazi emantfombatane)

A prince's crown

(umchele wenkhosana) The princess' crowns

(imichele yemakhosana)

A man's voice

(livi lendvodza)

The men's voices

(emajazi emantfombatane)

2.7. IMIBONO YANHLUMAYO NAMAHLALELA (1989)

Libito ligama lentfo lebonakalako nalengabonakali: umuntfu, bubi, emanga, intfo. Libito lakhwiwe ngesicalo kanye nesicu. Ticalo temabito tikhombisa bunye noma bunyenti bemabito. Tikhombisa kutsi emabito akutiphi tigaba. Tisisekelo lekwakheka kuto tivumelwano.

Tibonelo: tigaba temabito ngendlela yaDoke

Bunye	bunyenti
1 umu-, um-	ba-, be, b-
1a u-	bo-
2 umu-, um-	imi-, im-
3 li-	ema-
4 si-, s-	ti-, t-
5 in-, im-	ti-
6 lu-, lw-	ti-
7 bu-, b-	
8 ku-, kw, k-	

2.8. IMIBONO YAMABUZA NAMAHLALELA (1988)

Libito ligama lelicondza intfo lenekubonwa ngemehlo noma lengenakubonwa ngemehlo.

Sakhiwo salo

Libito linanati tincenyе letimbili:

(a) Sicalo

(b) Sicu

Tibonelo:

Umfana

um- sicalo, -fana – sicu

Umutsi

umu- sicalo, -tsi – sicu

Emadvodza

ema- sicalo, dvodza – sicu

Lukhamba

lu- sicalo, khamba – sicu

Ticalo tetigaba temabito

(a) Ngendlela yetigaba letisiphohlongo leyatiwa ngekutsi yaDoke.

<i>Sigaba</i>	<i>Bunye</i>	<i>Bunyenti</i>
1	umu- um-	ba-, be-, b-
1a	u-	bo-
2	umu-, um-	imi-, im-
3	li-	ema-
4	si-, s-	ti-, t-
5	in-	tin-
6	lu-, lw-	tin-
7	bu-, b-,	tj-, tjwi
8	ku-, kw-	-

(b) Indlela yesibili itsi tilishumi nesiphohlongo tigaba temabito. Luhlelo Iweticalo tetigaba temabito ngalendlela leyatiwa ngekutsi yaMeinhof:

<i>Sigaba</i>	<i>Sicalo</i>
1	umu- um-
1a	(u-)
2	ba-, be-, b-
2a	bo-
3	umu-, um-
4	imi-, im-
5	li-,
6	ema-
7	si-, s-,
8	ti-, t-,
9	in-
10	tin-
11	lu-, lw-
12	-
13	-
14	bu-, b-, tj-, tjw-
15	ku-, kw-, k-,
16	pha-
17	ku-

18	mu-
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Lapho titfolakala khona leticalo

Kulandzelwa indlela yekucala, indlela yetigaba letisiphohlongo.

- (a) Sigaba 1 (Bunye)

Umu- Lesi sicalokhulu (The basic form of the class prefix) sisetjentiswa ngaphambi kwesicu selibito lessinelilunga lelilodvwa.

Tibonelo:

Umu-tsi, umu-ti, umu-ntfu.

Um- Ngulolunye lumphawu Iwesicalo kulesigaba (an allomorph or variant of the class prefix umu-)

- (i) Sisetjentiswa ngaphambi kwesicu lesinemalunga lamanyenti.

Tibonelo:

um- fati, um-fana, um-fundisi.

- (ii) Singalandzelwa ticu leticala ngabonkhamisa.

Tibonelo:

um-akhi, um-enti, um-elusi,

- (b) Sigaba 1a (Bunye)

(u-) Lofihlekile simtfola lapho senta tivumelwano.

Tibonelo:

(u) gogo *u* hambile.

(u) make *u* yahamba.

(u) Mafavuke *uyinyanga*.

- (c) Sigaba 1 (Bunyenti)

Ba-, sicalokhulu.

Tibonelo:

Ba-, ntfu, ba- fana, ba- tsakatsi

Be- Lesicalo singasetjentiswa emva kweticu letinelilunga lekucala lelicuketse ‘u’ noma ‘w’.

Tibonelo:

Be-lungu, Be-sutfu, Be-tswana.

B-. Lesicalo sisetjentiswa embi kwesicu selibito lesicala ngankhamisa.

Tibonelo:

b-oni, b-akhi, b-ongi.

(d) Sigaba 2 (Bunye)

Umu- sicalokhulu. Silandzelwa ticu letilungalinye (letilunganye).

Tibonelo:

Umu-ti, umu-sa, umu-tsi, umu-si.

Um- Lesicalo silandzelwa ticu letilunganyenti.

Tibonelo:

Um-akhi, um-enti

(e) Sigaba 2 (Bunyenti)

Imi-. Lesi sicalokhulu.

Tibonelo:

imi-ti, imi-fula, imi-khono

Im-. Lesicalo silandzelwa ticu letimbalwa letical ngabonkhamisa.

Tibonelo:

imi-eco

(f) Sigaba 3 (Bunye)

Li- sicalokhulu / sicalongca

Tibonelo:

li-hhashi, li-ve, Li-swati, Li-ngisi, Li-dvumbe.

(g) Sigaba 3 (Bunyenti)

Ema- sicalokhulu

Tibonelo:

Ema-swati, Ema-ngisi, Ema-ve

(h) Sigaba 4 (Bunye)

Si- sicalokhulu.

Tibonelo:

si-lo, si-tja, si-hlahla.

S – Lesicalo silandzelwa ticu letical ngabonkhamisa.

Tibonelo:

s-ono, s-ento, s-ati.

(i) Sigaba 4 (Bunyenti)

Ti- sicalokhulu

Tibonelo:

ti-ve, ti-tja, ti-hlahla, ti-tsebe.

T- Lesicalo silandzelwa ticu leticala ngabonkhamisa.

Tibonelo:

t-ono, t-ento, t-ati.

(j) Sigaba 5 (Bunye)

In-. lesicalo simele nati ticalo letilandzelako:

Im-. Lesicalo silandzelwa ticu leticala nga, b, p, f, v.

Tibonelo:

im-buti, im-vu, im-phisi, im-fene.

/n- Lesi silandzelwa ticu leticala nga tf, dz, z, dl, tj, j.

Tibonelo:

In-tfo, in-dzaba, in-zuso, indlovu, in-tje, in-ja.

Tibonelo:

iny-oka, iny- ama, iny-ongo

ng

Tibonelo:

ing-ubo, ing-anekwane.

(k) Sigaba 5 (Bunyeti)

Tin- Lesicalo simele nati ticalo: tin-, tim-, tiny-, ting-,

Tibonelo:

Tin-ja, tim-buti, tinyoni, ting-ulube.

(l) Sigaba 6 (Bunye)

Lu-. Lesi sicalokhulu.

Tibonelo:

Lu-phiko, lu-phondvo, lu-khuni.

Lw-

Tibonelo:

Iwati, lw-eti.

(m)Sigaba 6 (Bunyenti)

Tin-, njengobe kuchaziwe esigabeni 5, bunyenti.

(n) Sigaba 7

Bu-. Sicalokhulu.

Tibonelo:

Busuku, bunandzi, bu-tfongo, bu-hle.

B-. lesicalo silandzelwa ticu letical ngabonkhamisa.

Tibonelo:

b-omi, b-onli,

tj- tjani

tjw- tjwala

(o) Sigaba 8

Ku- Lesi sicalokhulu.

Tibonelo:

Ku- Lesi sicalokhulu.

Tibonelo:

Ku-dla, ku-khuluma, ku-hamba,

Kw- Lesicalo silandzelwa ticu leticala ngabonkhamisa.

Tibonelo:

kw- eba, kw-enta, kw-akha.

K- Lesicalo silandzelwa ticu leticala nga ‘o’.

Tibonelo:

k-on-a, k-os-a, k-o-pha.

Libito ligama lelicondza intfo lenekubonwa ngemehlo noma lengenakubonwa ngemehlo. Libito linetincenyne letimbili:

(a) sicalo

(b) sicutu

Tibonelo:

Umfana

Um-sicalo, -fana-sicu

Umutsi

Umu-sicalo, tsi- sicu

2.9. IMIBONO YADLAMINI (1988)

Inkhulumo yeSiswati ifananiswa netitfo tenkhomo. Inkomo silwane lesibaluleke kakhulu nalesiligu gu kumuntfu loLiswati. Umnumzane lohloniphekile ngulonesibaya, lofuyile, lonetinkhomo, ngulosengako nalohlabako. Lulwimi IweSiswati lufananiswa nenkhomo lapho seyihlatjiwe, iphakululwa kwabiwe titfo tayo letehlukene tiye emindenini netinini letahlukahlukene. Lulwimi IweSiswati lunanati titfo tenkhulumo.

Sobito (Substantive)

(a) Libito (Noun)

(b) Sabito (Pronoun)

Sichasiso (Qualificative)

(a) Siphawulo (Adjective)

(b) Sibaluli (Relative)

(c) Buniyo (Possessive)

(d) Linani (Enumerative)

Silandziso (Predicative)

(a) Sento (Verb)

(b) Sibanjalo (Copulative)

Sikhanyiso (Descriptive)

- (a) Sandziso (Adverb)
- (b) Sentakutsi (Ideophone)

Sobito

Sobito ligama lelicondza intfo lenekubonwa ngemehlo noma lengenakubonwa ngemehlo. Sobito ucuketse loku lokulandzelako:

- (a) Libito: Leli ligama lelisho intfo lenekubonwa ngemehlo noma lengenakubonwa.

Tibonelo: umfula, inyoka, umnyaka, butfongo, buhlungu, umcondvo.

- (b) Sabito: Leli ligama lelima esikhundleni selibito.

Tibonelo: yena, laba, tami, sonke.

Sichasiso

Sichasiso ligama lelichaza ngaSobito, sichaza emabito netabito, emagama lesiwalandzelako. Tibonelo tikhombisa ticu taletinhlobo.

- (a) Siphawulo

Tibonelo: -fishane, -khulu, -dze –dzala

- (b) Sibaluli

Tibonelo: -ncono, -luhlata, -munyu, -lusizi

- (c) Buniyo

Tibonelo: -mi, -kho, -itfu, -inu

- (d) Linani

Tibonelo: -nye, -mbe, -phi, -ni

Silandziso

Silandziso ligama lelicondza senteko lesiphatselene naSobito noma-ke simo Sobito lakuso. Nati tinhlobo tesilandziso:

- (a) Sento

Tibonelo: bita, dvumata, tsandza, yosa.

(b) Sibanjalo

Tibonelo: yinja, ngumuntfu, intsetse.

Sikhanyiso

Sikhanyiso ligama lelichaza Sichasiso, Silandziso noma-ke lesinye Sikhanyiso. Sikhanyiso sinanati tinhlobo letilandzelako:

(a) Sandziso

Tibonelo: elwandle, emphumalanga, kumalume, phasi, nyakenye.

(b) Sentakutsi

Tibonelo: dvu, nya, mu, fahla, gamu.

Sihlanganiso

Sihlanganiso ligama lelisetjentiswa ekucaleni kwemusho noma kuhlanganisa imisho lemibili.

Tibonelo: kodvwa, kantsi, futsi, kepha.

Sibabato

Sibabato ligama lelingasetjentiswa lapho umuntfu etfukile, ekhuta imihlolo, ajabulile noma-ke acasukile. Leligma liyatimela nje lodvwa akuswelekile kutsi lite lisho lokucondzene noma lokuphatselene nemusho wonkhe.

Tibonelo: Hhayi bo! Cha! Nhi! Nx! Ncinci! Mfm! Phindze!

2.10. IMIBONO YASAPIR (1921)

*A noun is a word that names a person, a noun, place or thing. Nouns are often preceded by an article such as **a**, **an**, or **the**. When you see an article in a sentence, you know a noun will follow. Example: **the** young artist painted **an** apple on **a** round table.*

nouns are grouped as common, proper, concrete, abstract, singular or plural.

Singular	Plural
Pig	Pigs
Glass	Glasses
Country	Countries
Child	Children

Nouns often end with a noun making a prefix.

Root word	Suffix	Noun
Attend	-ance	Attendance
Govern	-ment	Government
Neighbour	-hood	Neighbourhood
Farm	-er	Farmer

Libito ligama lelibita intfo. Wonkhe umuntfu, indzawo kumbe intfo ihlukaniswa ngelibito. Ngaphandle kwelibito besingeke sikhone kuchumana siphindze sivisisane. Emabitongco ngemabito laniketwa bantfu, tindzawo, emalanga eliviki, tinyanga temnyaka, emalanga lagujwako lasekhaldeni yemnyaka, tihloko tetincwadzi kanye netihloko temidlalo yakumabonakudze.

2.11. IMIBONO YAZIERVOGEL NAMABUZA (1978)

Emabito latfolakala kuleso nakuleso sigaba (contents of each class)

(i) Sigaba 1 kulesigaba kutfolakala nankha emabito:

- (a) Ebantfu: umuntfu, umfana, umfati.
- (b) Etive: umsutfu, umlumbi, umtfwa,
- (c) Emabito lakhiwe etentweni: umtali (tala), umtsakatsi, (tsakatsa), umshayeli (shayela).

(ii) Sigaba 1a kulesigaba kunanankha emabito:

- (a) Emabitongco: sipho, solwako, mbasha, maliwase.
- (b) Emabito lakhomba buhlobo: malume, gogo, mkhulu, babe.
- (c) Emabito lanjengalawa: ntasika, ntfokanje, zibanibani, logwaja, lohheya.
- (d) Ligama lelingumbuto: bani?

(iii) Sigaba 2 kulesigaba kunanankha emabito:

- (a) Emabito emifula: umkhondvo,
- (b) Tihlahla nalokunye lokumilako: ummbila, umutsi, umncozi.
- (c) Titfo temtimba: umlomo, umtimba, umlente, umkhono.
- (d) Tintfo letihambako, kanye naletitivelela ngekwato nje: umlilo, umbane, umhlambi, umkhumbi, umtsentse, umoya.
- (e) Lamanye nje emabito: umkhuhlana, umkhonto, umhlabo.

(iv) Sigaba 3 kulesigaba kunanankha emabito:

- (a) Emagama etintfo letihamba ngatimbili: liso, lidvolo, lihlombe.
- (b) Emagama ebantfu labakhubateka ngendlela letsite: ligwala, lisela, livila, lihumusha, lidzidvwa.
- (c) Emagama ebantfu besive lesitsite: liswati, lingisi, libhunu.
- (d) Emagama labomfakela: likati, libhantji, libhuluko, litiya.
- (e) Bunyenti balesigaba lobungenabo bunye: emanti, emafutsa, emasi, emakhata, emanga, ematse.
- (f) Lamanye nje emabito alesigaba: lilanga, litje, libhubesi.

(v) Sigaba 4

- (a) Emagama etintfo letisetjentiswako: sitja, sibhamu, sicatfulo.

- (b) Bantfu labancomekako: sati, sihlakaniphi, sikhulumi.
- (c) Bantfu labakhubateka ngendlela letsite: silima, siphukuphuku, sidzakwa, sishosha, simungulu, sigebengu.
- (d) Lulwimi netimphawu talo: Siswati, siZulu, sintfu.
- (e) Incwaba yetihlahla nalokumbiwako: sidlubu, sigwayi, sibhatata.
- (f) Titfo temtimba: sifuba, sandal, sitsendze, sisu.

(vi) Sigaba 5

Lesi sigaba setilwane: inkomo, imvu, intje, inji.

Kukhona nemabito ebantfu: indvodza, inkhosatana, inkhosikati.

(vii) Sigaba 6

Lapha kunemagama lasho yinye intfo kuletinyenti: lufudvu, luvivane, luhambo, luhondvo, lugalo.

(viii) Sigaba 7

- (a) Emabito alesigaba akhomba intfo longeke uyitsintse noma uyibone ngemehlo: butfongo, buhlungu.
- (b) Kunemagama lasho tintfo letibuyiswe ndzawonye: buhlalu, buso, boyo, bovu.
- (c) Emabito lakhwiwe kulamanye ngekucalisa nga ‘bu-’: bukhosi, buvila, buntfu.
- (d) Emabito lakhwiwe ngetichasiso: bu-bi, bu-hle, bu-lukhuni, bu-mnandzi.

(ix) Sigaba 8

Lapha kunemabitosento: kudla, kukhuluma, kuhamba, kutsetsa.

2.12. SIPHETFO

Imibono yabosolwimi lekukhulunywe ngabo ikhombisa kutsi yonkhe intfo lekhona inelibito. Kuze inkhulumo ivakale futsi ihlamuse kuyaye kuflanganiswe titfo tenkhulumo letehlukene, kodvwa inkunzi yaletibaya libito. Ngaphandle kwelibito angete kwaba nenkhulumo lephelele kumbe levakalako. Kubalulekile kutsi uma sikhuluma ngentfo siyigagule ngelibito layo; ngale kwaloko inkhulumo beyiyoba lite. Kuphindze kwagcama ngalokusobala kutsi libito lakhiwa tincenyе letimbili: sicalo nesicu.

SEHLUKO SESITSATFU TINHLOBO NEKUSEBENTA KWELIBITO EMSHWENI KANYE NENCHAZOMAGAMA

3.1. SINGENISO

Njengobe sesitfolile kubosolwimi labanyenti kutsi libito ligama lentfo lebonakalako nalengabonakali; kulesehluko sitawutfola tinhlobo temabito/ temagama letikhoniswe ngalendlela: emagama enhlonipho, emagama etinhlobo tekudla kweSiswati, emagama lachaza tinhlobo/ timilo kanye netimo tebantfu, tifinyeto, emagama endzabuko, emagama etilwane kanye nebantfwana betilwane. Sitawubuka nekutsi libito lingasetjentiswa njani emshweni njengobe titinyenti tindlela tekusebentisa libito emshweni.

Kubalulekile-ke kutsi umuntfu alwati lulwimi lwakhe, ingani phela lulwimi lusibuko futsi ngilo lolukhombisa similo semuntfu. Kafishane nje singatsi luveta ngalokusebaleni bunjalo bemuntfu. Imihambo kanye nebuve bemuntfu buye butfolakale kahle elulwimini lalukhulumako. Kungako kulesehluko sitawubuka emagama endzabuko lekunguwonawona asimamise lulwimi nemasiko eSiswati.

3.2. EMAGAMA ENHLONIPHO

Lapha kusuke kusetjentiswa ligama liveta inhlonipho esikhundleni seligama lelihedlako uma umuntfu akhuluma nobe abhala lokutsite. Inkulumo itsaniswa ngekutsi kusetjentiswa emagama lanebunono esikhundleni salawa lahlambalatako. Singasho kutsi sihloniphiso kusho intfo ngemagama lapholile nalamnandzi ngobe kubalekelwa inkulumo lehlabako. (Makanya 2018: 28)

Ngekusho kwaShongwe locashunwe kuNkuna (2016:189) uchaza inhlonipho atsi:

Lapha kusuke kusetjentiswa ligama lelilula, lelikhombisa inhlonipho esikhundleni seligama lelingahle livakale kabi. Kuvamisile kutsi kungashiwo kutsi inkhosu ifile kodvwa kutsiwe ikhotseme, noma kutsiwe umuntfu uyaphosisa esikhundleni sekutsi unemanga.

Thwala nalabanye (2006) bachaza inhlonipho batsi:

Inhlonipho ikhombisa kungagudluki emasikweni esintfu lacala kuba khona kadzeni live lisadla ngelucwephe. Likhono labokhokho lelikhombisa kuvana nekuchumana esiveni sonkhe. Inhlonipho luhlobo lolutsite lwesinongo senkhulomo lolukhombisa kubeka emavi ngendlela lepholile.

Inhlonipho yatiswa kakhulu esiveni seMaswati ngobe isuke ikhombisa kunotsa kwelulwimi nekusho intfo ngendlela leyehlukile kuleyetayelekile.

Tibonelo:

1. Imbuti > inkhuleko
2. Inkomo > injilane
3. Luswayi > lunongo
4. Inkukhu > inchwayela
5. Inkunzi > imbodla
6. Salukati > sajukati
7. Indlela > inyatselo
8. Emasi > emavutjwa
9. Litsambo > luyeta
10. Imvu > sahhuku
11. Emehlo > emacabuko
12. Ticatfulo > tinyatselo
13. Busuku > butjotfo
14. Sibuko > siyano
15. Buso > umnyabuko
16. Sandla > sankhiba
17. Emafu > emayeti
18. Umuntfu > mabane
19. Umlomo > umcitfo
20. Tjwala > bunatfwa
21. Lichegu > intata
22. Ludziwo > livanya
23. Imbita > inkhayeko
24. Likholwa > ligcoka

25. Likati	>	mangobe
26. Makoti	>	malukatana
27. Emanti	>	emangeleti
28. Lithuna	>	lidliza/ libila
29. Lilanga	>	lijiko
30. Sikweleti	>	umbalo
31. Intsanga	>	enhlalababili
32. Umufi	>	umuyi
33. Indzaba	>	igendze
34. Sigcoko	>	ingadzibe
35. Licolo	>	liyolo
36. Ingubo	>	imbatfo
37. Libhayi	>	licayiba
38. Umfana	>	umkhaphelwane
39. Imbokodvo	>	intabatfo
40. Umoya	>	unkeshe
41. Lukhuni	>	lubanti
42. Emasaka	>	emanyita
43. Lunyawo	>	lusicilo
44. Umhlanga	>	umgcingga
45. Libala	>	licabati
46. Inyoni	>	imphapha
47. Imvu	>	sahhuku
48. Intsambo	>	inshilo
49. Inyama	>	impheko
50. Inyanga	>	intfwasa
51. timphungane	>	tintsibane
52. Intfutfu	>	imbunyela
53. Busuku	>	imphisholo
54. Indvodza	>	injeza
55. Umshanelo	>	sihwishi
56. Umlotsa	>	umphalato
57. Indlelo	>	intobelos
58. Imfene	>	silosentsaba

59. Umbani > umphezulu

3.3. EMAGAMA ETINHLOBO TEKUDLA KWESISWATI

Kudla kwesintfu ngiko lokunemphilo uma kucatsaniswa nekudla lokudliwa esikhatsini sanyalo. Kadzeni kusadliwa ngaloludzala bokhokho nabo khokhokati bebaphila imphilo lenhle futsi bekungeke umuntfu akuswele kudla, njengoba bekunamasimu lapho bekulinywa khona tilimo letitinhlobonhlobo. Kubalulekile kutsi umuntfu ati kabanti ngekudla kwesintfu nekutsi kwentiwa nobe kuphekwa kulandzelwe miphimigudvu yekupheka, kute kanganahleki emasiko abokhokho nabo khokhokati. Letinhlobo tekudla letilandzelako atikhapheleli kuleti letibaliwe kusanaletinye lettingakabalwa kuloluhlu lolulandzelako:

- **Sijabane** - kudla lokuphekwa kubondzelwe ngemphuphu nembhidvo.
- **Bubendze** – kuphekwa emahlwili engati yenkhomo lehlatjiwe.
- **Umbhonyo** – emantongomane nobe tindlubu letimanti letiphekwe nemakhasi ato.
- **Tinkhobe** – tentiwa ngemmbila lowomile, lophekwa uze uvutfwe bese uyadliwa.
- **Incheke** – kugatjelwa litsanga lentiwe tincetu liphekwe livutfwe bese liyadliwa.
- **Ticaba** – tentiwa ngemmbila nobe emabele laphekiwe abese ayasilwa.
- **Umtfubi** – kudla lokwentiwa ngelubisi Iwenkhomo lesandza kutala, kubondzelwe ngemphuphu.
- **Inembe** – lijingi leluswane leliphekwa lingakalatiswa.
- **Sidlwadiwa** – sentiwa ngeticaba letisiliwe bese titselwa emsojeni wenyama.
- **Luphutfu** – liphalishi leliphekwe latiya kakhulu.
- **Umfuso** – ngumbhidvo lewunekwa womiswe kuze ungaboli.
- **Sishwala** – imphuphu lephekwa ihlanganiswe netindlubu.

- **Umlalatiko** – kudla lokuphekwe kwalala etiko kudliwa ngakusasa, kungaba ummbila, incheke, nobe emaselwa.
- **Siphuphe** – sentiwa ngetindlubu letiphekwe tabondvwa tangabhicwa nalutfo
- **Luhhayi** – tinkhobe letentiwa ngemabele.
- **Sidvudvu** – kudla lokuphekwe ngelitsanga labondvwa ngemphuphu.
- **Inkhovu** – ngemanti elitsanga nobe elijoti leliphekiwe.
- **Lukhotsi** – kudla lokwentiwa ngemmbila lokhantingiwe wase uyasilwa udliva sewuyimphuphu.
- **Incwancwa** – lijingi leliphekwa ngemphuphu lelatile.
- **Sancoti** – kushiwo ummbila lewuvunwe wafakwa engungwini esibayeni, ubuye usilwe imphuphu udlive.
- **Sitjodvo** – tjwala lobudzala losebuphuphile nobe lobubaba kakhulu.
- **Lilasha** – ngumbhidvo lodliwa ungakabondvwa.
- **Sicobetelo** – litsanga leliselincane leligatjelwa libhicwe nembhidvo wetintsanga.
- **Liswili** – kushiwo inyama yangekhatsi ivamisa kudliwa luhlata.
- **Ingcuba** – kushiwo inyama yenkhomo letifele lengakahlatjwa.
- **Lifutfo** – ummbila lomusha losemanti lophekiwe.
- **Sentangabomu** – kushiwo sijolojolo selifutfo netibhidvo.
- **Inshubaba** – kushiwo umbhidvo lobabako lomila edvute nemfula.
- **Sancapha** – kushiwo ummbila lohlanyelwa muva.
- **Budzibi** – kushiwo butfumbu belitsanga lobuphekwe netintsanga bese buyadliwa.
- **Umkhunsu** – inyama leyiphekwe yase iyabekwa khona itewudliwa seyipholile
- **Umshisanyongo** – tjwala lobuphiswa bekhabomakoti kubonga tinkhomo.

- **Sahhukulu** – imbuti lehlatjelwa umtsimba emfuleni idlelwa khona emfuleni.
- **Impundvu** – inyama yemafumbu ledliwa talukati.
- **Incheke** – litsanga leligatjelwe tincetu letinkhulu lase liyaphekwa, lidliwa lingakabondvwa.

3.4. EMAGAMA EBANTFU LAKHOMBA TIMILO, TENTO KANYE NETIMO TABO

- **Likhwa** – ngumuntfu lomdvuna lomuhle logcoka kahle.
- **Sidlova** – ngumuntfu lotigabatisako.
- **Silomo** – ngumuntfu lonesibindzi.
- **Ingcalamba** – ngumuntfu lodvwalile.
- **Imbulu** – ngumuntfu logucugucukako lonebuhatsa.
- **Inhlekabayeni** – ngumuntfu lohleka lite.
- **Umhuca** – ngumuntfu lonatsa kakhulu tjwala.
- **Sincemu** – ngumuntfu losithuli lovilaphako kukhulumu.
- **Ligovu** – ngumuntfu lotsandza kudla kube yena uyancishana.
- **Lichalachala** – ngumuntfu lokwatiko kuhlabelela nobe kugidza.
- **Lidzica** – ngumuntfu lohlala nensila longagezi.
- **Linaka** – ngumuntfu lonakekelako uma enta intfo.
- **Linono** – ngumuntfu lohlobile etintfweni tonkhe.
- **Inhlava** – ngumuntfu lowephanako.
- **Lichawe** – ngumuntfu lonesibindzi lolwako ehlule labanye.
- **Ummuzane** – ngumuntfu lohloniphekako lonesikhundla.
- **Litfumbu** – ngumntfwana wekugcina kunina.

- **Ligwala** – ngumuntfu lokwesabako kulwa futsi usheshe abaleke.
- **Umfumbesi** – ligama lababitana ngalo emadvodza lateke ndzawonye.
- **Lugedla** – ngumuntfu lokwati kumba umutsi alaphe kube angaketfwasi
- **Simungulu** – ngumuntfu longakwati kukhuluma.
- **Umtfonga** – ngumuntfu lophetse butimba.
- **Liphisi** – ngumuntfu lotsandza kutingela.
- **Butimba** – kushiwo batingeli labanyenti labaphuma kanye baye ekutingeleni.
- **Lilima** – kushiwo bantfu labamenywe kutsi batewusita emsebentini, njengekuhlakula, kulima, kuvuna, njll.
- **Ingcugce** – kushiwo intfombi leseyikhehlile leseyilungele kuyawukwendza.
- **Umlandza** – kushiwo indvodza lenguyise wamalukatana nakusuke kulotjolwe kahle.
- **Umyeni** – indvodza yamakoti nobe lijaha lelichutjwa bayeni kuyawulotjolwa.
- **Ludzibi** – intfombatane letfwalela makoti emacansi.
- **Gozolo** – indvodza letfunywa bayeni.
- **Saliwakati** – ngumfati lowaliwako kulabanye esitsenjini.
- **Umlanjwana** – ngumntfiana lotfolwe yintfombatana ingakendzi, isahlala kubo.
- **Inkhosazana** – ngumntfiana loyintfombatane wekucala ekhaya.
- **Intsandvokati** – ngumfati lotsandvwa kakhulu kunalabanye esitsenjini.
- **Libhimbi** – ngumuntfu lolichuma ekuhlabeleni nasekugidzeni.
- **Sihlophoyi** – ngumuntfu lote inhlonipho lomane akhulume nje.
- **Sidvwaladvwala** – ngumuntfu lodvwale lokwengcile.
- **Sithulu** – ngumuntfu longeva etindlebeni.
- **Likhohlwa** – ngumuntfu losebentisa sandla sebuncele.

- **Senyusamfula** – kushiwo kumunfu longumfati lowendzile kodvwa sekachamuka encenye.
- **Lisokanchanti** – kushiwo umntswana wemfana wekucala kuyise esitsenjini.
- **Ingumlelana** – kushiwo umntswana losheshe wayekeliswa kumunya ngunina.
- **Lichathazi** – ngumunfu longatsandzi kutsintsana nensila lohlala ahlobile emtimbeni nekwembatsa.
- **Umncono** – ngumfana lotsandza kuhlala ekhaya nabonina angayi emibutsanweni yetintsanga takhe.
- **Inchavitsi** – ngumunfu lotsandza kukhulumela futsi.
- **Libuya** – yintfombatane leyehlulwa ngumendvo yase ibuyela ekhaya.
- **Umjendevu** – ngumunfu lomsikati longasonya, lote inhlanhla yemendvo.

3.5. EMAGAMA ETINHLOBO TETINKHOMO NALOKUTSITE NGATO

- **Liveledi** - inkomo leluhanya lengabanja kalula uma isengwa nobe iboshelwa.
- **Ingwedle** – inkomo leneluphondvo lolubheke embili kantsi lolunye lubheke phasi.
- **Umshiva** – inkomo lete timphondvo.
- **Sihleta** – inkomo leneluphondvo lolwagamuka.
- **Emahlawe** – inkomo lenetimphondvo letibheke phasi leticekako.
- **Umkhwibi** – inkomo letsandza kudla yodvwa, iyahlupha ngekulahleka.
- **Lincahi** – kushiwo inkabi yenkhomo leyaphakulwa seiyindzala.
- **Imphece** – kushiwo inkomo lenetimphondvo leticekako letibheke emuva.
- **Umdlovu** – kushiwo inkomo lenetimphondvo letibheke phasi.
- **Gici** – kushiwo inkomo lehlatjelwa kutsi inyama yayo itsengiswe.

- **Inhlavu** – kushiwo inkhomo lenembala lobovu umtimba wonkhe.
- **Lemdzaka** – kushiwo inkhomo lenemacabhabacaba lamhloshana nalabovana.
- **Likwiyi** – kushiwo inkhomati lehlisako uma isengwa.
- **Umcuba** – kushiwo bulongo lobudzala betinkhomo lobutfolakala esibayeni lokuvundziswa ngabo emasimi nobe tingadze.
- **Liguca** - litfole leselilidzala kodvwa solo lisamunya
- **Sankhala** – kushiwo inyama letfolakala ecolo lenkhomo.
- **Umhlabankhomo** – kushiwo indzawo lesemhlubulweni wangasekudla edvute nesiphanga lapho inkhomo ihatjwa khona.
- **Sisinga** – kushiwo intsambo lesentjentiselwa kukhunga litfole.
- **Liphakelo** – kushiwo inkhomo lenikwa makoti ekhakhakhe letawusengela bantfwabakhe.
- **Inhlonhla** – kushiwo umuti lapho lomunye umnumzane afuyele khona tinkhomo takhe.
- **Inshungunshu** – kushiwo lisango lelincane leliba ngenhla kwesibaya lapho kungena khona bafana batewusenga.
- **Insulamnyembeti** – inkhomo lekhishelwa unina wamakoti kumdvudvuta ngekukhulisa makoti.
- **Emabheka** – tinkhomo temalobolo.
- **Imvimba** – inkhomo yekuhlawula intfombatane leyonakele; iyahlatjwa imvimba ayifuywa.
- **Umgano** – inkhomo lakhonta ngayo makoti ikhishwa bekhabomakoti.
- **Lugege** – inkhomo lehlatjelwa bekhabomakoti ngemva kwekulobola.

3.6. EMAGAMA LAMAYELANA NEMVUNULO YESISWATI

EmaSwati anendlela yawo yekwembatsa, futsi ayatigcabha ngemvunulo yawo. Imvunulo yeMaswati yenta kube melula kuhlukanisa bantfu ngekwetigaba taba, kunemvunulo yalabasikati nemvunulo yebantu labadvuna. Imvunulo yalabasikati nayo yekukaniseke kanyenti njengobe kunetigaba tekukhula kwemuntfu lomsikati letehlukene, kunemvunulo yalabasikati labashashadile lekubomake bemakhaya, kunemvunulo yetintfombi lekubantu labasikati labangakashadi, kubye kube nemvunulo legcokwa talukwati. Nebantu labadvuna nabo banemvunulo yabo leyenta kutsi ukhone kubahlukanisa ngekwetigaba tabo njengobe bobabe banemvunulo yabo lebenta kutsi bahluke kunemajaha, njengobe nawo anemvunulo yawo leyehlukile. Tembatfo tesintfu tingemagugu lesashiyelwa yona bokhokho, ngako-ke kubalulekile kutsi imvunulo yatiwe lusha lolukhula esikhatsini sanamuhla. Lamagama lalandzelako ngemagama etinhlobo tetembatfo temvunulo yeSiswati:

3.6.1. IMVUNULO YALABASIKATI

- **Emacakala:** Umhlobiso lowentiwe ngebuhalu lofakwa emacakaleni.
- **Emagcebesha:** Buhlalu lobutfungelwe kahle lobugacwa entsanyeni ngunobe ngubani. Indlela ligcebesha lihlotjiswa ngayo licuketse umlayeto kutitsandzani. Umgaco wekutihlobisa entsanyeni.
- **Emahiya:** Indvwangu levunulwako, Futsi ungalimbatsa ulihize ecebeni langanhanye.
- **Ematinta:** Umgaco logacwa emakhosikati asebukhosini uma asamunyisa umntfwana kuzimate alunyulwe libele.
- **Gaweni:** Indvwangu lecinile lekwentiwa ngayo tidziya. Emahiya agaweni entiwa abe madze ehlele endasi kwemadvolo.
- **Indlamu:** Imvunulo yetintfombi leyelukwe ngebuhalu lekhawula ngendasi kwetibunu.
- **Indloko:** Imvunulo lemfisha yetidzandzane, ikhawula etibunu ivunulwa uma kunemkhosi lotsite. Indlamu.

- **Ingeje:** Buhlalu lobelukiwe bentelwa umhlobiso wasentsanyeni. Ligcebesha.
- **Inzilo:** Tembatfo letemba tfa umfati loshonelwe indvodza yakhe. Tihlobo takhe tona tigaba lucotfo entsanyeni kutsi emadvodza wona afase siceshana lesimnyama emkhonweni kukhombisa kutilela umufi. Endvulo umfelokati abetfeswa tinchotfo nobe tintsambo letelukwe ngemuzi bese enhloko ugcoka lihlokohloko lokusigcoko setjani.
- **Jutjwa:** Lihiya lelihizwa emajaha netintfombi uma bavunulile.
- **Libhayi:** Indwangu lembatfa emantfombatane emahlombe. Libhayi liyefana nemhelwane, lehluke ngekutsi lona ligacekwa emahlombe.
- **Libhengele:** Umgaco walabasikati lowentiwe ngelitje leliligugu, ugacwa esihlakaleni nome emkhonweni.
- **Lisongo:** Umgaco walabasikati longumhlobiso logacwa esihlakaleni nobe emkhonweni. Wentiwa ngelitje leliligugu nome ngalokusaplastiki.
- **Luvadla:** Sembatfo saselukhalo lesivunulwa emantfombanyane. Luvadla lutfungwa ngeticeshana letiklayiwe tase titfungelwa ndzawonye entsanjeni kwentiwa siketi lesiklayekile.
- **Sicholo:** Tinwele temfati letifungwa tibe umbhoshongo. Umfati lowendzile ubonakala ngesicholo. Inhloko icholwa kahle ibe yinhle umfati abukeke amuhle. Netingcugce tiyakhehla sicholo ngobe tisuke setisesigaben sekuyekwendza. Lomuhla sicholo sesentiwa sibe sigcoko umfati asitfwale enhloko.
- **Sifociya:** Lufosana nobe libhanjana lokubopha tidvwaba tabomake. Umfana angashaywa ngesifociya uyalibala abe sitfotfobala.
- **Sigcebhezane:** Imvunulo lesiceshana nome sikhunjana lesifisha kakhulu lesiba ngetulu kwemadvolo.
- **Slgcizo:** Imvunulo legacwa emkhonweni nome esihlakalweni, isalidukwana nobe sentiwe ngesikhunjana lesingumhlobiso.
- **Siphuku:** Ingubo yekwembatsa uma ulele yentiwe ngesikhumba lesishukiwe.

- **Sidvwaba:** Imvunulo yabomake beMaswati leshukwe ngelugogo Iwenkhomo Iwate Iwabasikhumba lesitsambile, sivunulwa elukhalo. Kute sihlale sitsambile sidvwaba sigcotjiswa liphehla.
- **Sidvwashi:** Indvwangu lokufungwa ngayo tidziya. Lihiya leliboshwa elukhalo lifike entasemadvolo. Emajaha avamise kubopha emahiya ngamabili. Emahiya amibala letinhlobonhlobo kepha lomuhla lelihamba embili indlubu.
- **Sidziya:** Imvunulo yabomake levunulwa ecebeni ivale sifuba ilengele ngentasi kwemadvolo. Yakhiwa ngelugogo Iwembuti lolushukwe nemadvolo aso.
- **Sincwati:** Sigmoko setjani lesitfwalwa umfelokati enhloko uma atilile, atilele umyeni wakhe longasekho emhlabeni. Lihlokohloko.
- **Sinokoti:** Libhande lelilikwe ngetjani leliboshwa umfelokati elukhalo.
- **Tintsambo:** Tintsambo telukwa ngemuzi bese titfwalwa umfelokati. Engani endvulo kwabe kute tindvwangu letimnyama tesilumbi. Inzilo yalomuhla seyitfungwa ngendvwangu yakalokusho ibe umfaniswano nesigcoko lesitfungiwe selikhetselo lelihamba embili. Uyamangala lilokwe lemfelokati lelibukhatikhati shengatsi uyashada. Futsi umfelokati akasatili sikhatsilesidze njengakadzeni. Bambalwa bafelokati labatilela emadvodza abo kute kuphele umnyaka. Hha! Tinyanga nje letisitfupha umfelokati umbona sadzilitile tinzilo encenyne sagane nekugana. Ayiphatfwa-ke yekungenwa ngunakabo mufi. Leyo ayitekwa ngobe lesinye sikhatsi ningcwaba nje vele sekukhona locotsele kutsi kuphele umngcwabo batsandzane. Ngalo lolusuku labekwe ngalo umufi kuvela boBhentheni behla benyuka kunatfwa tinatfo tekucedza tinsizi. Umfelokati avele atikhetsel masihalisane wakhe bese uyamangala kutsi laba lababili bacale nini kwatana ngalendlela. Temhlaba atipheli, asichubeke ngekucoca ngemvunulo.
- **Umcancatfo:** Luhlobo Iwekugayinga tinwele tibe timfisha ngekusebentisa ludvonca kute tishwilane tiphotsane enhloko yemantfombatane. Indlela yekuhlobisa tinwele. Nemacembe laluhlata enkunzane ayasetjentiswa kucancatsa tinwele. Umgayingo.
- **Umchino:** Umhlobiso wetinwele letelukiwe.

- **Umcwasho:** Tinsontfo leteffwalwa emantfombatana lasengakagani, atfwalela kuhlonipha umntfwanenkhosi losefike esigabeni sekugana. Umcwasho ungumsimeto lolisiko leligcinwa tintfombi tigidzela umntwanenkhosi losesigabeni sekugana futsi lokukhombisa kutsi utiphetse kahle wagcina buntfombi bakhe.
- **Umgayingo:** Tinwele letihlotjiwe ngekuticancatsa ngendlekthane. Umcancatfo.
- **Umhelwane:** Lihya lelinemibala lelivunulwa bomake emahlombe. Nabobabe bayalivunula.
- **Umjijimba:** Sikhatsa savolo lesivunulwa nendlamu nobe nemvumulo yetintfombi.

3.6.2. IMVUNULO YALABADVUNA

- **Emabhebha:** Imvunulo leyentiwe ngesikhumba senyamatane nobe ngesikhumba senkhomo ikakhulu selitfole. Kunemabhebha emphunzi, elingcina newetibandza letitsite letifolakala endle.
- **Emabhokwe:** Imvunulo lengumhlobiso embaleni leyentiwa ngesikhumba semvu. Emajaha lagidza sibhaca avamisile kutihlobisa ngemabhokwe. Ayagatjwa nasemikhonweni.
- **Emacakala:** Atfungwa ngebuhlalu bube umhlobiso emacakaleni.
- **Emajobo:** Imvunulo leyentiwa ngesikhumba senyamatane levunulwa elukhalo.
- **Emangongo:** Emabhebha lasuswe tiboya.
- **Inyoní:** Umhlobiso lowakhiwe ngetinsiba letindze tenyoni, kwakhiwa ngato sigcoko sekuhlobisa enhloko. Emabutfo atfwala inyoní emgidvwensi wencwala.
- **Libheshu:** Imvunulo leyentiwe ngesikhumba levunulwa yehle ilengele emuva etibunu. Emabhebha ayavunulwa ngaphandle kwekucalisela ngemahiya.
- **Lidada:** Nguthayi wesintfu lowakhiwe ngebuhlalu waba lubhabhamane.
- **Ligcebesha:** Buhlalu lobuhlanganiswe batfungwa kahle lobugacwa entsanyeni.

- **Lihawu:** Lihawu lakhiwa ngesikhumba senkhomo lesomisiwe. Liphatfwa emajaha uma aya emkhosini wencwala. Alembatfwa kepha liyincenyemhlobiso, liphatfwa emajaha nome emabutfo.
- **Umbhensu:** Libande lelakhiwe ngesikhumba senkhomo. Liboshwa elukhalo kuya esiswini.
- **Umbhodze:** Indingilizi yemgocoloti lomnyama lofakwa enhloko emadvodza lasakuile. Emabutfo lahlabene etfweswa umbhodze bukho njengeluphawu lokuwahlonipha. Umbhodze wakhiwa ngemtfwebaba wetinyosi.
- **Umdada:** Imvunulo yengwe levunulwa ngencwala. Emajobo lamadze lakhiwe ngesikhumba sembuti nobe sengwemabala lavunulwa ngemuva.
- **Umgaco:** Buhlalu lobubovana lobelukwe bababudze lobumhlobiso wemadvodza logacwa entsanyeni wehle emahlombe.
- **Umhelwane:** Lihiya lokuvunula lelinemibalabala.
- **Umncadvo:** Wakhiwa ngesigobhota sesigcingana seliselwa lelomile. Umvunulo ugcokiswa sitfo sangasese, lubolo njendlela yekuluhloniphisa lungahlali sobala. Umcaliselo wesitfo sangasese salabadvuna.
- **Sidlollo:** Imvunulo letfwalwa enhloko leyentiwe ngemtfwebaba, ivunulwa emakhehla.
- **Sigeja:** Imvunulo yemadvodza leyakhiwe ngemashoba etinkhomoyatfungwa. Yembatfwa emahlombe ibe emayakayaka lamhlobiso. Emashoba lamanyenti lavunulwa emajaha esifubeni.
- **Sihlutfu:** Tinwele letinkhulu letilungiswe kahle tabheka etulu. Lesinye sikhatsi emajaha ayasibhonca sihlutfu bese uma asasigezile asiphushеле emuva.
- **Simohlwana:** Umgaco lowentiwe ngebuhlalu, ugacwa emajaha labutseka.
- **Siphandla:** Sentiwa ngesikhumba sesifuyo lohlatjelwe sona. Sigacwa esandleni kukhombisa kutsi la bewuvakashele khona uhlatjiswe ngenkhomo nobe ngembuti. Umgaco wesikhumba sengobiyanelogacwa entsanyeni. Siphandla sigacwa entsanyeni, emacakaleni noma esandleni.

- **Siphuku:** Ingubo yekwembatsa uma ulele leyentiwe ngesikhumba senkhomo lesishukiwe.
- **Umchele:** Umhlobiso loyindilinga lowakhiwe ngebuhlalu bese uboshwa entsanyeni. Umchele wenkhosi nome wendlovukazi wentiwa ngesikhumba senyatane lenesitfunti lesesabisako, ingwe nobe libhubesi.
- **Tingobiyané:** Emabhebha lentiwe ngetikhumba tetingobiyané.
- **Tintwayi:** Emabhebha nobe emangongo lasuswe tiboya esikhunjani.

3.7. TIFINYETO

Tifinyeto tivamise kusetjentiswa nakubhalwa incwadzi.

Tibonelo:

- **Ssh.** : sisho
- **Nkht** : nkhosatana
- **L.o.** : liposihhovisi
- **Mnu.** : mnumzane
- **Mhl.** : mhlonishwa
- **P/b** : liposi sikhwama
- **Njll.** : njalonjalo
- **Mv.** : mvangeli
- **Mf.** : mfundisi
- **Dkt.** : dokotela
- **Nkhk.** : nkhosikati
- **S.s.s.** : sikolo sesekhondari lesiphakeme
- **J.s.s.** : sikolo sesekhondari lesincane
- **E 5** : emalangeni lasihlanu

- **R5** : emarandi lasihlanu
- **Str.** : sitalada
- **Sg.** : saga
- **Bun.** : buniyo
- **Buny.** : bunyenti
- **Nhlp.** : inhlonipho
- **Ins.** : insitasento
- **Lib.** : libito
- **Lin.** : linani
- **Phik.** : kuphikisa
- **Ngw.** : ngwaca
- **Nkh.** : nkhamisa
- **Sab.** : sabito
- **Sak.** : sakhi
- **Sndz.** : sandziso
- **Sntk.** : sentakutsi
- **S.** : sento
- **Sbbt.** : sibabato
- **Sib.** : sibaluli
- **Sbnj.** : sibanjalo
- **Scl.** : sicalo
- **Schs.** : sichasiso
- **Sif.** : sifaniso

- **Sihl.** : sihlanganiso
- **Sjbl.** : sijobeleo
- **Sng.** : sinongo
- **Sip.** : siphawulo
- **Ssh.** : sisho
- **Svsn.** : sivumelwano senhloko
- **Svsm.** : sivumelwano samentiwa
- **Siv.schs.** : sivumelwano sesichasiso
- **Umbt.** : umbuto
- **K.k.** : kusho kutsi
- **Snz** : sandvulelangculazi
- **NIn** : indlelanchubo yelwati lwendzabuko
- **Lc** : luhlolo loluchubekako
- **Skv** : sitatimende sekharikhulamu savelonkhe

3.8. EMAGAMA EBANTFWANA BETILWANE

- Umntfwana wembuti, wemuvi > lizinyane
- Umntfwana wendlovu, welihhashi > litfole
- Umntfwana wembongolo, wenkhomo > litfole
- Umntfwana wemswenya, sihlava, linyamane > luvivane
- Umntfwana wenyatane > sichunyana/ sichumo
- Umntfwana wenkhukhu, wemphangele, lidada > lintjwele
- Umntfwana wenyonzi > lizini
- Umntfwana welibhubezi, wengwe > lizinyane/ umntfwana

- Umntfwana wemphungane > imphetfu/ umhlavane
- Umntfwana wesikhonyane > inkhasa
- Umntfwana welikati > umntfwana
- Umntfwana wemfene > umntfwana
- Umntfwana wenja > umdlwane

3.9. EMAGAMA EBANTFU NETILWANE LAMELE BULILI

Lelingehlukanisekisilwane lesidvuna		silwane lesisikati
• Umuntfu	lichegu	salukati
• Umuntfu	indvodza	umfati
• Umuntfu	babe	make
• Umuntfu	lijaha	intfombi
• Umuntfu	mkhulu	gogo
• Umuntfu	umfana	sidzandzane
• Umuntfu	umkhwenyane	makoti
• Umuntfu	liculuculu	umjendevu
• Umuntfu	umfana	litjitji
• Impunzi	inshonsho	impunzikati
• Inkomo	inkunzi	inkhomati
• Inkhomo	inkhabi	inyumbakati
• Inkhomo	inkunzana	litfokati
• Imphala	inkunzi yemphala	inkhomati yemphala
• Imbabala	inkokha	inkhomati
• Imbuti	siwewe	imbutikati

• Imbuti	sichagana	sibhutikati
• Imvu	sihhanca	imvu lensikati
• Inkhukhu	lichudze	sikhukhukati
• Inkhukhu	lichujana	sikhukwatana
• Libhubezi	inkunzi yelibhubesi	inkhomati yelibhubezi

3.10. EMAGAMA ETJANI NGESISWATI

- **Luhlongwa:** Lukhula lube ludze ngangemuntfu emile. Lumila esigangeni ekakhulu emakhondvosini. Sicu salo sincama sinemalanga. Lolunye luhlongwa luba netintfwala.
- **Likhasi:** Litfolakala etintsabeni. Sicu salo sisibhelekeca, sikhudlwana.
- **Insikane:** Tjani lobumila esigangeni, buyasikana kantsi buyetiphukela futsi.
- **Likhiwane:** Tjani lobumila ethilanjeni. Buluhlata kantsi sicutu sabo sisibhelekeca. Kwelukwangalo emacansi.
- **Lucungwa:** Tjani lobufan neluhlungwa, sicutu salo sikhudlwana kantsi futsi ludze nalo lunemalunga.

3.11. EMAGAMA LANDZINDZISANAKO

- **Umgibe:** Ngumkhumbi lokulengiswa kuwo timphahla.
- **Litsala:** Intfo lelenga emsamo lokubekwa kuyo timphahla.
- **Sitsendze:** Lingemuva lelunyawo lwemuntfu.
- **Intsendze:** Kungekhatsi nendzawo nelunyawo nobe sandla.
- **Sikhuni:** Lukhuni lolokhelekile kodvwa lolungenalilangabi.
- **Sihlonti:** Lukhuni lookhelekile lolunelilangabi kukhanyiswa ngaso.
- **Inkhaba:** Sibati lesesaphola lakwakukhona inongwane.
- **Inongwane:** Inkhaba yemntfwana lesengakapholi.

- **Indlebe:** Sitfo senhloko lesiva ngaso.
- **Ludlebe:** Sipho sekuva ngisho umuntfu akhulumu ngekuhleba.
- **Indzaba:** Inkhulumo letsite.
- **Ludzaba:** Inkhulumo ledzinga kuhenyisiswa.
- **Lizulu:** Indzawo yaNkulunkulu.
- **Litulu:** Kuna kwemvula.
- **Ludzibi:** Ngumfana lotfwalela lijaha naliya emkhosini.
- **Luhlaka:** Ngumfana lotfwalela inyanga tikhwama nayiyokwelepha.
- **Kuzila:** Kwembatsa lucotfo lolumnyama nome ingubo nawufelwa.
- **Kutila:** Kungadli nobe kuyekela imisebenti letsite.
- **Umlaza:** Ngemanti lahlengeka emasini.
- **Umlata:** Luhlobo lolutsite lwemafu lolumhloshana.
- **Sisila:** Sidlumba lesimila etinkhukhwini nasetinyonini endzaweni yemsila.
- **Umsila:** Sitfo lesimila emtimbeni wetilwane losetjentiswa kuphunga timphungane.
- **Imfulo:** Indvwangu letfungelwa ngekhatsi kwelibhantji.
- **Imfuyo:** Timphahla letiyimfuyo nobe umcebo.

3.12. BUHLOBO NGEKUTALANA

Ngenhla besikhuluma ngetigaba ngekutalana nebudzala. Kunemagama ebuhlobo ngekwehlukana ngekutalana kwebantfu. Kubalulekile kutsi situkulwane ngasinye siwati futsi siwasebentise ngekuhlonipha nekwati kutsi lona ungubani, uyini futsi akasiye ntsangayami ngeke ngimane ngimgagule ngeligama nome ngimbite noma kanjani. Nawa emagama ebuhlobo nekutalana lokumele siwati, siwasebentise sati

kutsi lona umuntfu lengihlobene naye ngekwengati ngeke ngiye naye emacansini nobe ngimteke nobe angigane. (Bhiya nalabanye 1992: 78)

- **Babe:** Umuntfu lomdzala lokutalako. Nguyihlo. Umuntfu lolingana neyihlo uma umbingelela nobe ungamati utsi “Sawubona babe”. Loku kukhombisa kuhlonipha.
- **Babelomkhulu:** Umuntfu lomdvuna totalana neyihlo, lomdzala kuneyihlo.
- **Babelomncane:** Umuntfu lomdvuna totalana neyihlo, lomncane kuneyihlo.
- **Babekati:** Ngudzadzewababe. Ngu-Anti.
- **Babetala:** Ngulomdvuna lengiteka indvodzakati yakhe nobe lengigane indvodzana yakhe.
- **Dzadze:** Intfombatana lenitalwa nayo kubabe munye nobe nehlukene ngabomake.
- **Dzadzewetfu:** Intfombatana lendzala ngebudzala lenina make munye kuyihlo emtini munye, naleytalwa ngulomunye make kepha iyindzala kuwe , ngudzadzewetfu.
- **Dzadzewenu:** Intfombatana lencane ngebudzala lenitalwa ngumake munye noma ngulomunye make kuyihlo.
- **Gogo:** Ngulomsikati totala batali bami.
- **Inhlanti:** Intfombi leyendze nadzadzewayo njengemfati lomncane. Inhlanti inikwa umkhwenyane ngesizatfu sekutsi encenyе dzadzewayo akatfoli imbeleko, ngako-ke yona itewuvusa liguma ladzadzewayo.
- **Khokho:** Ngugogomkhulu.Nguloyo totala labatala batali bami.
- **Make:** Umfati lokutalako. Nemuntfu lomdzala lomsikati lolingana nenyoko uma ukhuluma naye nobe ungamati utsi “make” lokukhombisa inhlonipho.
- **Makelomncane:** Umfati lowendza nenyoko kuyihlo ,logane uyhlo emvakwenyoko.
- **Makelomkhulu:** Umfati lomkhulu lowendze kucala kunabozakwabo kuyihlo.

- **Maketala:** Umfati lotala indvodza yamakoti.
- **Makoti:** Intfombi lesandza kugidza emendvweni, umlobokati. Umalukatana.
- **Malume:** Ngulomdvuna totalwa nenyoko.
- **Malumekati:** Umka malume wakho.
- **Masebe:** Nguyise nome ngunina lapho kuteka indvodzana yakho nome lakwendza khona indvodzakati yakho. Umkhoti.
- **Mkhulu:** Ngulomdvuna lotala batali bami.
- **Umfowenu:** Ngulonitalwa naye kunyoko, lomncane kunawe.
- **Umfowetfu:** Ngulonitalwa naye kunyoko, lomdzala kunawe.
- **Umkhoti:** Nguyise nobe ngunina lapho kuteka indvodzana yakho nobe, lapho kwendze khona indvodzakati yakho.
- **Umkhulawami:** Ngudzadze wabondvodza yakho. Umfati wemnakenu.
- **Umkhwekati:** Ngunina wemfati wakho. Ngumaketala.
- **Umkhwenyane:** Indvodza yendvodzakati yakho.
- **Umkhwewami:** Nguyise wemfati wakho. Ngubabetala.
- **Umkhwenyewetfu:** Indvodza yadzadzewenu. Ngusibali.
- **Umlamu:** Ngudzadze wemfati wakho. Ngusibali wakho lomsikati. Unelilungelo lekumteka uma naye akutsandza, atoba inhlanti yadzadzewabo.
- **Umlandza:** Nguyise wamalukatana wami.
- **Umlingani:** Umuntfu lenendziselene naye.
- **Umnakenu:** Umfana lenitalwa naye kunyoko. Mncane ngebudzala kuwe.
- **Umnaketfu:** Umfana lenitalwa naye kunyoko. Mdzala kunawe, uyakutfuma nome kuphi, wena awumtfumi lomdzala kunawe. Inhloniphlo leyo.
- **Umlobokati:** Intfombi letsandza kwendza. Ngumakoti.

- **Umzala:** Umntfwana wamalume wakho nome wababekati wakho.
- **Umshana:** Umntfwana wadzadzewenu.
- **Umtukulu:** Untfwana totalwa indvodzana nobe indvodzakati yakho.
- **U mzanyane:** Intfombatanya legadza umntfwana idlale naye angakhali kudzimate kubuye unina nobe acedze imisebenti layentako. U mzanyane usala nemntfwana ekhaya uma labadzala basaye emasimini. Kuletinsuku uma baye emsebentini esilumbini.
- **Zakwenu:** Umfati lowendze naye endvodzeni.
- **Zakwetfu:** Umfati lowendze naye endvodzeni.

3.13. TITSELO TASENDLE

Kulesahluko sitokhumbutana ngetitselo tasendle letatidlelw a kubamnandzi, nekwesutsa futsi betakha tincisa umtimba nekunika umtimba emavithamini lafanele. Tibhidvo netitselo kwakusita bokhokho kutsi baphile sikhatsi lesidze emhlabeni kungefani nalomuhla lapho kukhalwa ngetifo letibangelwa kudla luhlobo lolutsite Iwekulda bagcine bodokotela batsi umuntfu angasakudli kudla lokutsite ,labanye bayelulekwa ngisho nekuyekela kudla inyama intfo leligugu nakangaka kuMaswati. Phela ngaphandle kwekuldele kwesutsa letinye titselo tingumutsi emtimbeni wemuntfu. Ngako-ke sesiyancoma kutsi kudla netitselo letatidliwa endvulo kwakubhalansile kunotsile batfola konkhe lokudzingwa umtimba.

Ungatibuta kutsi kambe setashonaphi titselo tasendvulo ngobe letinyenti tato asitatfolakali kantsi naleti letitfolakalako titsi gcwa gcwa lapha nalaphaya, tiyimvelakancane. Siphila esikhatsini lapho kwandze timboni tetimayini nemafekthri lkhicita inhlobonhlobo yebutsi lobutfunca bushunce buye etulu esibhakabhakeni bese kugcwala umoya lotsikameta simomkhatsi,sibhakabhaka sitfunateke emandla emvelo lenta kutsi simo selitulu singaphatamiseki ,imvula ine ngendlela lefanele, yonkhe imvelo ikhule igcineke esimeni lesihle. Titselo temvelo kuhambe kwahamba tashabalala. Letinye tato sekusele emagama nje kutsi besidla loku naloku kadzeni atisatfolakali sanhlobo. Usawakhumbula ematelemba, tincozi, tincwambu, inkhokhokho, emakhiwa, emanumbela, emahlala kanye nelusundv? Bambalwa

bantfu labakhule badla letitselo, ingani yonkhe indzawo ngisho emakhaya shangatsi sekusedolobheni.(Bhiya 2018: 24)

Sibabuli sekushisa kwelilanga sicotfule yonkhe imvelo. Imfuyo ayisenawo emadlelo tinkhomo tiphila ngekondliwa ngenca yekubalela kwelilanga. Intfutfu lephafuka etimboni nayo iyasifaka sandla ekubulaleni imvelo.Kulelibhuku sikhutsata kutsi nobe simo sinje kepha asitidle titselo tasendle singatibukeli phasi ngobe tinemphilo. Uye uve umuntfu natsi '*Mine angiwudli umkhwakhwa*' akhohlwe kutsi uyasita esiswini ekutsini ematfumbu agaye kahle kudla. Usebenta njengesinkwa sakolweni lesimahhadlahhadla.

Lapha sitawubhica ngemabomu sikhulume nangetitselo letitjalwako kantsi endvulo tatitimilela ngekwato esigangeni. Kukhona naletu letachamuka *netifiki la eNingizimu Afrika*. Sitogcila kuleti temvelo letitimilela endle futsi letingemagugu etfu sive *Lesimnyama*. Bakhula ngato bokhokho kanye nato tonkhe titukulwane letalandzela ngaleso sikhatsi sasendvulo. Intfo leligugu nelifa lakho awuyilahli. Kanjalo umhlaba nemvelo sakushiyelwa bokhokho kufanele sikunakekele. Emagama etitselo linyenti tato tibitwa tisuselwa egameni laleso naleso sihlahla. Sibonelo: Umhlala= Lihlala, Umgwava=Ligwava. Nati tibonelo tetitselo tasendle:

- **Bhungela:** Sitselo sembhungela lesitindilingana letiluhlata letivutfwu tibe bovu leticukatsa emanti lanongotelako. Ngekhatsi tinetinhlavana letincane leticinacinile. Tiyadliwa. Tinyosi titsatsa lamantana tiyokwakha luju.
- **Bukhwebeletane:** [*Lantana salvifolio*] Sitselo lesinetihlavana letisabuhlalu. Uma setivutfwu tiba bovu sakubansunjwana [Purple] *Kunenganekwane lets Mvelinchanti watfuma Lunwabu* kutsi luye luyotjela bantfu umbiko lotsi **bangafi**. Endeleni Lunwabu lakhangwa bukhwebeletane bувutfwu Iwaphambuka Iwadla. Lwabambeleka Iwakhohlwa nekutsi lutfunyiwe. Uma solo lungabuyi ,*Mvelinchanti wase utfuma Intfulo* kutsi iyotjela bantfu kutsi **abafe nekufa**. Yesuka yatsi ntinini ngelitubane yefika kucala kubantu kunelunwabu yabatjela bantu kutsi abafe. Uma selufika lunwabu lubatjela kutsi Mvelinchanti utsi bangafi, batfukutsela balushaya batsi **sibambe lentfulo**. Kungako nalomuhla bantu bafa kangaka.

- **Emabubuti/Emabububu:** Emabubuti titselo letikhicitwa umbubuti. Emabubuti makhulu ngetulu kwemakhiwa. Tihlahla tembubuti timila Ehlandzeni ngasemifuleni,tikhula tibe tihlahla letinkhulu njengemkhiwa.
- **Emadolofiya:** [*Thorn fig fruit/ Prickly Pear*] Sitselo lesidliwako sasendle lesitselwa ngumadolofiya. Sinemanyeva lamancane lacijile, simise kwelibhana, siluhlata sitsi uma sesivutfwe sibe lumphuti ngembala. Ucale ususe lamanyevana ngekuwahhudla ngembikwekutsi udle lesitselo kute angakuhlabi emlonyeni. Ayanongotela emadolofiya. Tihlahla temdolofiya setiyatjalwa kutsengiswe titselo tawo emasuphamakethe.
- **Emagalandela:** [*Granadilla*] Sihlahlahla semgalandela simila sitsandzele kulesinye bese sitsela bantfwana labaluhlata labavutfwā babensundvu, ngekhatsi banetinhlavana letincane letimnyama kantsi kudla kwawo kumtfubi.
- **Emaganu:** [*Marula Fruit*] Hha! Sihlahla lesiyintsandvokati yeMaswati ngobe sikhicita titselo lokuphiswa ngato *buganu*. Imiganu itsela ehlobo ikhicite titselo letiluhlata , *emaganu*.Emaganu aluhlata ngembala uma avutfwā agucuka abe mtutjana. Acala kuhhohloka ngaBhimbidvwane, abemaningi kakhulu ngeNdlovana. Tjwala lobuphiswe ngemaganu budzakwana simanga ukhandze emadvodza nebatfati bagidza batishayele bajabulile. Bafana betinkhomo bakhama emanti emaganu basengele lubisi umna bakleza khona kutekuba lihongo. Tindvumbu temaganu tiyomiswa bese kugcotjwa tinganu kukhishwa lokusamantongomane ngekhatsi kwenganu.Emantongomane etinganu kutsiwa *tinganu*.Tiyadliwa luhlata nobe tigayingwe bese tiyasilwa kuvangelwa ngato umshibo. Buganu bunatfwa mahhala. Kutsiwa buganu nobe budzakwana kepha buyasheshisa kuphela emtimbeni kantsi bute ibhabhalazi futsi bumrandzi uma nitsi nibunatsa nive nosa nemmbila welifutfo. Emacala nawo ayandza ngesikhatsi sebuganu ngobe bobabe labangatiphatsi kahle bayehluleka kutibamba uma sebadzakiwe basukele bafati bebantfu kantsi nabo labasikati bayatsatseka balangatelele kutijabulisa nendvodza.
- **Kangwane** sekuvulwe emafethri ekwenta emafutsa lentiwa ngemaganu atfunyelwe emaveni aseMpumalanga ene-Asia. Kuyentiwa najamu wemaganu. Loku sekwandzisa ematfuba emsebenti ngetikhatsi temaganu. Ungavakasha Kasikhukhuza ngetikhatsi temaganu ukhandza tihlahla letinyenti

tisishuliwe talaliswa phasi, ingani tindlovu titsi tingadla emaganu kakhulu nato tigcine setidzakiwe tiphule tihlahla.

- **Kangwane** sigodzi ngesigodzi siphisela *Ingwenyama buganu* kutfwalwe sitfwalo simikiswe *Emphakatsi*. Sive siyakhuphuka siyotikholisa ngebuganu *kujatjulwe sibonge Inkhosи*. Tseine balapha *Emzansi* lesidvutane neMphakatsi waKahhoho Ebuhleni, seca luthaka siyotibusisa ngebuganu. Emadvodza lamanyenti atsatsa *lilu* ngeNdlovana entele kutonatsa kahle buganu ngobe bakhona labalahlekelwa umsebenti ngena yekulova ngobe bahlalele buganu kantsi kufanele babuyele emsebentini bona bahlale emakhaya bankintjana nebuganu. Buyimphilo lenika emandla kubobabe likhaya licine uma sebaya emalawini nabomake. Atipheli tebuganu.
- **Emagungumence:** Titselo letihlantwa tihlahlana letincane letinemanyeva. Sihlahla semgungumence kutsiwa *litjalo*. Luhlobo Iwesihlahlana lesihlabanako lesinemanyeva lamacebelengwane lasihlanu liliye. Sikhula senabe sitsele emagungumence labubendze nobe lamnyama. Ayadliwa emajingijolo, akhula kahle enkhangala.
- **Emagwaba/Emagwava:** [*Guava Fruit*] Ligwava sitselo lesiluhlata uma sisengakavutfwa. Sivutwa sibephuti sibokotele kantsi ngekhatsi sinekudla lokubovu netindvumbu letincanyana. Linesikhumba lesilula lidliwa naso netinhlavana tetindvumbu. Tihlahla temgwaba timila kahle Ehlandzeni ngasemifulen i ngobe sitsela kakhulu lapho kunemanti khona. Emagwava lomuhla kwentiwa ngawo jamu.
- **Emahlala:** [*Monkey orange/Apple*] Umhlala ukhula utale emahlala. Emahlala aluhlata ngembala, avutwa abe phuti. Emahlala titselo letineligobolondvo lelicinile leliyindilinga. Uma ufunu kulidla ucheketa leligobolondvo lihlukane tigebheta letimbili ngekhatsi utfole kudla lokunetindvumbu. Ungacedza kulidla ulahla letigebheta, Tndvumbu telihlala ticinile tona uyatimanca njengalpho udla likhwakhwa. Butfumbu belihlala kuvutjwa ngabo *singwangwa*. Emahlala atfolakala kakhulu Ehlandzeni.
- **Emajikijolo:** Sihlahlana lesinemanyeva lesitsela titselo letimnyama letidiwako. *Emagungumence*.

- **Emakhiwa:** [Ficus capensis/Fig Fruit] Umkhiwa sihlahla lesikhula sibesikhulu, sitsela emakhiwa laluhlata bese uma avutfwe ababovu nobe mphunga sakubamlotsa. Sikhumba sawo sineboyana njengelimpentjisi. Emakhiwa ayanongotela kepha ayashesha kubola uma savutfwe kakhulu utfole sekunetibungu kantsi ngaphandle abukeka amahle. Kuze kunesisho lesitsi *Likhiane lelihle ligcwele timphetfu*. Sisuke sibhekiswe kumuntfu lomsikati lomuhle kepha lonesimilo lesibi.
- **Emakhwakhwa:** [Thorny bone apple/Monkey orange] Sitselo sasendle lesidliwako silingana nemahlala ngebukhulu. Naso sineligobolondvo lelilikhuni lelinetindvumbu letinkhulu ekhatsi. Sivutwa sibe luphuti ngephandle nangekhatsi. Tindvumbu tiyakhishwa tenekwe bese kutsi uma setomile tibangulwe kwenekwe lesikhumba kantsi ungatomisa nangemlilo titsi kucina khona titogandzeka kwentiwe umkhwakhwa. Umkhwakhwa logandziwe uba imphuphu. Uma ufunu umkhwakhwa lonemafutsa, ushisu tipamphane titsi kuba mnyama kute uma utigandza tikhicite emafutsa umkhwakhwa wato ufane *netimbabe*. Ungawudla kakhulu umkhwakhwa uba yinkhinga lapho se utifuma ngobe uyabopha ukukhame ungakhoni kukaka kahle. Kufanele unatse emanti lamanyenti kute kube malula kutikhulula.
- **Emanumbela:** [Milk plums] Sitselo sasendle lesivutwa sibe mtutjana. Ngekhatsi sinetinhlavana letitibhelekece.
- **Emaphopho/Emapopo:** [Pawpaws] Emapopo titselo letitalwa sihlahla semphopho, aluhlata ngembala, akhula alenge esihlahleni, avutfwa abe mtfubi nobe bovu abokotele uma savutfwe kakhulu. Ngekhatsi linetindvumbu letitinhlavana letimnyama. Butfumbu beliphopho buyanongotela futsi linemanti lotsi uma ulidlile wesutse. Lamanye emapopo kuyenteka anambitseke munyu. Tjwala lobuphiswe ngemaphopho kutsiwa **lipopo nobe sipopane**. Buyababa ga tjwala belipopo bufana nebenkhaka.
- **Emaphoti:** Aluhlata ngembala futsi avamise kutfolakala emahlatsini. Ayadliwa aluhlata kantsi ungawapheka uma utsandza.
- **Emaphushane:** Titselo letitalwa sihlahla semphushane. Emaphushane avutfwa abemtfubi kantsi atsandvwa natimfene.

- **Ematabhane:** [Wild potato fruit] Umtabhane utsela titselo letitimphanjana letifana nemazambane, amila esigangeni. Ematabhane anambitseka dvuma. Aphewa nesikhumba sawo bese uma avutsiwe ucata lesikhumba bese uyadla.
- **Ematelemba:** Sitselo lesiyindingiliza uma sisengakavutwa sinembala loluhlata kutsi uma sesivutsiwe sibe nembala lomtfubi. Litelemba linesikhumba lesilulana lesitsambile. Tinyoka tiyawatsandza ematelemba. Ngekhatsi anetindvumbu letibusheleleti letibubendze. Amnadzi ematelemba ayanongotela.
- **Ematfundvuluka:** [Wild black berries/Wild plum fruit] *Ematfundvuluka aluhlata kantsi* uma avutfwe aba bovu tju. Ngekhatsi anendvumbu levalwe ligobolondvo lelimhloshana. Liyanongotela litfundvuluka kepha lamanye ayashushuta kuye ngaleso sihlahla. Kwentiwa lihongo ngekutsi ucale uwabhuce wente umlaza bese usengela lubisi lucine lube lihongo.
- **Emayiwane:** Sihlahlana lesitsela emayiwane lokusitselo lesincane lesinetikhala emtimbeni. Emayiwane anembala losawolintji. Ayanongotela. Netinyoka tiyawadla emayiwane ubona ngematse lamhloshana kutsi bekunetinyoka kulesihlahlana.
- **Gcumgcumu:** [Cape gooseberry] Sitselo lesisamatasi siyindilinga lebusheleleti, siluhlata ngembala kutsi sesivutwa sibe liphuti kantsi singaphelela kuvutwa siba bovu tju.
- **Hubhulu/Buhubhulu:** Sihlahla semhubhulu sitsela titselo letitinhlavana letitindilinga letiluhlata letivutwa tibe umbala lonsunjwana.
- **Imfe:** [Sweet Reed] Imfe silimo lesinetinhlanga letitsambile letitingaba letikhula tiye etulu njengetemabele. Uma udra imfe ucale uhlube lesikhumba sayo lesicinile lesifana nesemoba futsi ucaphele kutsi ungasiseki ngobe ungabengeka sandla. Imfe itjalwa ehlobo ivutfwе uma sekuvunwa ekwindla. Endvulo emanti emfe abekhanywa afakwe ejingini kute linongotele. Tinhlanga temfe kutsiwa *ematele*.

- **Inchithamuzi/Incitsamuti:** Sihlahla lesifana nesihlahla semhlangula lesimila etindzaweni letilihlandze, ikakhulu emahlatsini nasemahlabatsini. Sitsela titselo letiluhlata letitsi tingavutfwa tibensunjwana. Timphandze tenchithamuzi tatisetjentiswa kukhuhla ematinyo njengelibhulashi lekugeza ematinyo. Tiyashoshotela etindzebeni, tisale tibovana ngekupendwa imphandze. Asingeniswa ekhaya sihlahla senchitsamuti futsi tinkhuni taso atibaswa ngobe kukholelwa kutsi lakhaya niyacabana uma notse umlilo wenchithamuzi nafutfwu yintfutfu yato.
- **Inkhokhokho:** *Inkhokhokho* sitselo sasendle lesitsela titselo letifana nemakhiwa. Ngebukhulu sincane kunemakhiwa. Nay o inkhokhokho ibanato tibungu uma seyivutfwe kakhulu. Idliwa kakhulu tinyoni.
- **Klamuklamu:** Imphandze lemhophe lemila ikhule ngephasi kwemhlabatsi, ifana nelizambane. Sitselo lesidliwa bafana ekweluseni. Uma usidla *siyaklamutela kuvakale umsindvo ematinyweni* lotsi “*klamu klamu*” kungako kutsiwa nguklamuklamu.
- **Lusundvu:** [*Phoenix reclinata/ Date palm fruit*] Sihlahla selusundvu sinemagala lalengela phasi nemacembe lahlangene latibhelekece njengentsendze yemphama yesandla. Titselo telusundvu tiluhlata ngembala kantsi uma setivutfwa tigucuka tibe luphuti tivutfwe tibensundvu sakubabubendze. Lusundvu lumila etihosheni kanye naselusentseni lwemifula. Luyanongotela ludliwa tinyoni netinyoka. Netimamba tiyatfolakala lapho kuvutfwe khona lusundvu.
- **Siganganyane:** [*Lannea discolour*] Siganganyane sihlahla lesimila sibe sikhulu sitsele bantfwana labaluhlata labatintokolovu letivutfwa tibensunjwana sakubabovu. Ngekhatsi sitselo sesiganganyane kunendvunjana lecinile. Ungadla ugwinye netindvumbu, maye utativela uma uya ngaphandle ulahla litje lentsaba.
- Sihlahla sesiganganyane sinembala lomhloshana sakubamlotsa njengemganu.
- **Sineyi/Umneyi:** [*Red Ebony tree*] Sitsela bantfwana labaluhlata labatintokolovu letivutfwa tibe mphofana. Siyanongotela.

- **Tncozi:** [*Blackberries*] Titselo letiluhlata letivutfwa tibe mnyama *khwishi*. Titfolakala etindzaweni letilihlandze ikakhulu ngasemifuleni. Tincozi tinetindvumbu leticinile. Timnandzi tincozi. Uma udle tincozi, umlomo usala umnyamana shengatsi upendiwe. Intfombi lemnyama lenhle lenesikhumba lesesulekile kutsiwa *inhle njengendoni yemanti*.
- **Tincwambu:** Tincwambu titalwa sihlahla lesikhulu lesitfolakala emahlatsini ehlandzeni emahlabatsini langasemifuleni. Titselo takhona tiluhlatana uma setivutfwe tiluphuti futsi tipuma emanti lalubisi. Tidleka kahle tingalala utidle ngakusasa tingasanafuki lubisi. Timnandzi tiyanongotela.
- **Tinkhuhlu:** [*Trichilla emetic*] Titselo letiyindilinga letibhamuka tindvumbu letibovu uma setivutsiwe. Uma utidla kuphuma emanti lalubisi etindvunjini. Kwentiwa emafutsa ekugcobisa emtimbeni ngetindvumbu tetinkhuhlu. Umkhuhlu utfolakala endzaweni lelihlandze, ukhula ube sihlahla lesikhulu lesinemacembe lamakhulu laluhlata nemagala lahlangene lenta umtfuntin lopholile lomnandzi. *Tikhova tiyatsanza kubhaca esihlahleni semkhuhlu emini tilale kutsi ebusuku tipume tiyotingela emagundvwane*. Awutsandzeki kahle ekhaya ngenca yetikhova ngobe kunenkholelo yekutsi lapho kунетихова khona ekhaya kusho kutsi batsakatsa ngato.
- **Tintfokolovu:** Titselo tesihlahla semntokolovu lesitsela bantfwana labatindingilizi letivutfwa tibebubendze. Sinemacembe laluhlata klabu.
- **Tintoma:** [*Transvaal Ebony Tree/Diospyra Mespiliforms*] Tintoma tiyimbulunga lenesikhumba lesiligobolondvo lelicuketse butfumbu lobudliwako. Ucata leligobolondvo udle loku lokungekhatsi. Tindvumbu tetintoma tinsundvu tibusheleleti. Kuyaphiswa netjwala ngetintoma. Sicu semtoma siyasetjentiswa kubata *ifenisha*.
- **Umfomfo:** [*Quinine berry/Caphalanthus natalensis*] Sitselo lesidliwako lesiluhlata sitsi singavutfwa sibe bovu. Sihlahla semfomfo sitfolakala enkhangala, simila emkhatsini wematje.
- **Umgungulutane:** [*Salacia alternifolia/Cassine Schlechteri*] Sihlahla lesidliwako lesitsela emagungulutane, *umkhuna*.

- **Umhlangula:** Sihlahla lesifana nenchithamuzi kepha sona simhloshana sitsela tintokolovu letivutfwa tibensunjwana.
- **Umoba:** [*Sugarcane*] Sllinywa lesitishaya sasihlahlana lesitsi asifane nemfe sinemacembe laluhlata lamadze lakhula alengele phasi kantsi tingaba tawo tikhula tiluleke tiye etulu. Umoba ukhula ube mudze mkhulu kunemfe. Umoba kwentiwa ngawo shukela. Uhluba emacembe nesikhumba sawo lesicinile uhlafune ufimfitse umunye emanti lanongotgelako. Ungawudla kakhulu ubangelana inyongo.
- **Umsiphane:** [*Messinica shrub*] Sihlahla semsiphane asiphuki kalula, siyatebetela sigobeke singagamuki. Sitsela tindingilizi letincane letiluhlata letivutfwa tibensundvu. Tiyadliwa. Tinswati temsiphane *kuvulelwa* ngato bafana, atiphuki, bashayana bate babukane. Phela Iuswati Iwemsiphane bangakushaya ngalo emhlane uyabhembesa lungangena kahle. Bakudvonsa kibili katsatfu *etimbanjeni nemabhunswini* umemete unyoko.
- **Umvutfwamini:** [*Canthium ciatum*] Sihlahlana lesimila lakusahlashana khona sitsela titselo letidliwako. Titselo temvutfwamini timnyama uma tivutfwe tifana nemantulwa.
- **Vovovo:** [*Cordyla Africana*] Vovovo sihlahla lesikhula sibe nesicu lesikhulu nemagala lakhula aye etulu. Sinemacembe laluhlata lacwebetelako. Sichakata imbali lebovu levulekile lekhicita emanti laluju lamunywa tinyoni netinyosi. Bafana betinkhomo bayayikha lembali bavuvutele esandleni bahube loluju Iwayo. Lamanti ayanamatsela esandleni anafuke njengeluju. Vovovo utfolakala etindzaweni letilihlandze emahlatsini nasesihlanjeni.

3.14. KUSETJENTISWA KWELIBITO EMSHWENI

(i) Libito lingaba yinhloko yemusho

- a. **Umfana** ukhokhe litinyo itolo.
- b. **Sihlahla** sephuka timphandze mhlazana kunemoya.
- c. **Inja** ilimele inhloko.

(ii) Libito lingalandzelwa sento emshweni

- a. **Gogo** ulima insimu yakhe.
- b. **Bafana** badlala ibhola ekuseni.
- c. **Sigulumba** sipontje lisondvo lwangemuva.

(iii) Libito lingalandzelwa siphawulo emshweni

- a. **Make** lomkhulu uyakhatsata.
- b. **Intfombi** lesidudla iyavilapha.
- c. **Umfati** lomuhle uyatsandzeka.

(iv) Libito lingalandzelwa sibaluli emshweni

- a. **Umfundzi** loncama uyatimisela etifundvweni takhe.
- b. **Umfula** lobanti uyesabeka.
- c. **Tinsuku** letimakhata tiyesatjwa kakhulu ephrovinisini yaseMpumalanga.

(v) Libito lingalandzela sibaluli emshweni

- a. Locotfo **umfundzi** uphumelela kahle etifundvweni takhe.
- b. Lobanti **umfula** uyesabeka.
- c. Lebovu **imoto** ngiyibonile itolo.

(vi) Libito lingalandzelwa sabito selucobo emshweni

- a. **Bafundzi** bona bayadzelela.
- b. **Gogo** yena uluka lincansi.
- c. **Tinkhomoo** tona tilahlekile.

(vii) Libito lingalandzela sabito selucobo emshweni

- a. Bona **bantwana** badlala kakhulu emini.
- b. Yena **umfundzi** uyabhala umsebenti wakhe.
- c. Tona **tinkhomoo** tilahlekile.

(viii) Libito lingalandzela sento emshweni

a. Bashaye **umfana** kabuhlungu itolo.

b. Ufundza **incwadzi** yesikolo.

c. Udle **kudla** kakhulu endzilini lakubo.

(ix) Libito lingalandzela sento emshweni

a. **Gogo** usila tinhlengezi.

b. **Bafana** badlala ibhola ekuseni.

c. **Themba** uhamba angakagezi.

(x) Libito lingalandzelwa sibalulinsombo emshweni

a. **Inkhomo** labayifunako ilahlekile.

b. **Incwadzi** layifundzako imnandzi umbona ahleka yedvwa.

c. **Lihhashi** lesilibonile linematubane.

(xi) Libito lingandvulela sibalulingco emshweni

a. **Bafundzi** labakhutsele bayaphumelela.

b. **Umfana** lohambako uyahlakanipha.

c. **Tinkhomo** letidla ummbila tikhuluphele.

(xii) Libito lingalandzelwa siphawulo emshweni

a. **Umfana** lomudze uhambile itolo.

b. **Make** lomkhulu uyewufika kusasa.

c. **Babe** lomfisha uydzeleleka kubantfwana labanyenti.

(xiii) Libito lingalandzelwa linani emshweni

a. **Lihhashi** linye lisubatsa kakhulu malidlile.

b. **Bantfwana** baphi labandzelelako.

c. **Umfundzi** munye losele ekilasini lakhe.

(xiv) Libito lingasetjentiswa libe ngumentiwangco kanye namentiwansombo emshweni

- a. Bafundzi bafundzela thishela libhuku= mentiwangco> libhuku, mentiwansombo> nguthishela.
- b. Ngibambela make lihiya= make ngumentiwansombo, lihiya> ngumentiwangco.
- c. Bantfwana bafundzela bonina tincwadzi= bonina > mentiwansombo, tincwadzi> mentiwangco.

(xv) Libito lingalandzela imphambosi yekwentiwa emshweni

- a. **Make** ufunwa ngemaphoyisa.
- b. **Umntfwana** udliswa ngunina.
- c. **Edolobheni** kuhanjwa kusasa ekuseni.

(xvi) Libito lingalandzela imphambosi yekwentela emshweni

- a. **Umfundisi** ufundzela libandla incwandzi lengcwele.
- b. **Mandla** ubambela make incwandzi.
- c. **Gogo** uphekela bantfwana kudla.

(xvii) Libito lingalandzelwa imphambosi yekwentisa emshweni

- a. **Thishela** ubhalisa sivivinyo eklasini lakhe.
- b. **Thoko** ufundzisa umtfwana kuhamba.
- c. **Zodwa** uwashisa make tingubo.

(xviii) Libito lingalandzelwa yimphambosi yekwentisa emshweni

- a. **Incwadzi** ifundzisiswa bafundzi.
- b. **Lomasontfo** uphekisia sidvudvu.
- c. **Bafana** bashayisia inyoka endlini.

(xix) Libito lingalandzelwa yimphambosi yekwentiwa emshweni

- a. Waboshwa **lomfana** wakaLukhele.
- b. Kwabulawa **indvodza** ngaphansi kwalesihlahla.
- c. Kwatfolwa **umkhono** ufhliwe wemuntfu.

(xx) Libito lingalandzelwa yimphambosi yekwentana emshweni.

- a. Bayabukana **bafundzi** bakamatikuletjeni mabafundzelwa indzaba.
- b. Bayalandzelana **bantfwana** mabadlala ngekugijimisana.
- c. Wahlangana **naThoko** edolobheni mhla ebuya ekhaya.

(xi) Libito lingalandzela sabito selucobo emshweni

- a. **Bantfwana** bona bayatsandzana.
- b. **Tinkhomo** tona tidele kamakhelwane esivandzeni sabo.
- c. **Make** yena uyakutsandza kuhlabelela esontfweni.

(xii) Libito lingalandzelwa sabito sekukhomba emshweni

- a. **Indvodza** le igijimisa imphunzi ngenja.
- b. **Lomtfwana** lo utsandza emasi kakhulu.
- c. **Thishela** lo ufundzisa kahle.

(xiii) Libito lingalandzela sabito selucobo lesikhomba edvute emshweni

- a. **Ifoni** leyo uboyiphatsa kahle.
- b. **Libhuku** lelo litsambiswe imvula itolo.
- c. **Umuti** loyo kuhlala bantfwana bodywa.

(xiv) Libito lingalandzelwa sabito selucobo lesikhomba khashane emshweni

- a. **Umuti** loya kukakhalanyoni.
- b. **Bafana** laba bafundza mshiya loya.
- c. **Lihlatsi** lela liyesabeka nobe kusemini.

(xxv) Libito lingaba ngumentiwa emshweni

- a. **Mkhulu** ugayinga imbasha.
- b. **Bantfwana** bashaya tinkhomo.
- c. **Make** upheka kudla.

(xxvi) Libito lingalandzelwa imphambosi yekutsintsanisa emshweni

- a. **Babe** ufumbatsa imali ngetandla totimbili.
- b. **Lomntfwana** uphatsa sinkhwa lesikhulu.
- c. **Sipho** utsatsa sigumbu sekukha emanti.

(xxvii) Libito lingalandzela yimphambosi yesimo

- a. **Bafana** bakhutsala kakhulu bangadla.
- b. **Tisebenti** tilibala kucoca tingasebenti.
- c. **Bafundzi** bayalimala nabagijima.

(xxviii) Libito lingandulela sabito selucobo lesigcizelelako emshweni

- a. Kona **kudla** kuperhile emini yekuseni.
- b. Wona **emanti** acitseke onkhe endishini.
- c. Tona **tindlu** tinhle.

(xxix) Libito lingandvulela sabito selucobo emshweni

- a. Wona **ummbila** udliwa ehlobo.
- b. Bona **tjwala** bubila kakhulu.
- c. Yena **thishela** ubhale umsebenti ebhodini.

3.15. SIPHETFO

Lapha kulesehluko kugcama ngalokusobala kwekutsi kubalulekile kutsi nawungumuntfu ulwati lulwimi lwakho ngobe phela ngilo lulwimi loluveta

ngalokusebaleni bunjalo bemuntfu. Kutsintfwe emagama enhlonipho newendzabuko lekunguwona magama angumgogodla wemasiko esive semaswati. Uma singenta sibonelo nje ngenhloko yelikhaya letsandza emanti lamphonjwana; lapho lomnumzane sifuna kutsi utitsandzela emahabulo noma sifuna kumgagula ngeligama lalentfo langiyo, bekungeke kunabitseke uma sitsi “usidzakwa” kodvwa ligama lelitsi “ungumhuca” lenta lenkhulumo inambitseke. Kuphindze kugceme kakhulu inchazelo yemagama lapho kuchazwe khona emagama.

SEHLUKO SESINE KWAKHIWA KWEMALIBITO NEKUHLELEKA KWETIGABA

4.1. SINGENISO

Kulesehluko sitawubuka kwakheka kwemabito. Libito lakhiwe ngesicalo kanye nesicu, kunemabito lavela kulamanye njengemabitontfo, emabitomuntfu, emabitombici, tinciphiso, tikhuliso, emabito laphindza ticu, emabito lavela kutibanjalo, emabito lamela buniyo kanye nemabitomfakela. Lamanye emabito lakhona ngemabitongco, emabitosimo, emabitomvama kanye nemabitogcogca.

4.2. TICALO TEMABITO

Bosolwimi labanyenti sebake bayihlolisa lendzaba yeticalo batfola lokunyenti lokumangalisako. Ticalo temabito etilimi tebantfu be-Afrika tehlukile kunetelulwimi IwesiNgisi. Esikhatsini lesinyenti esiNgisini bunyenti buvame kukhonjiswa ngekutsi kufakwe –s ekugcineni kwelibito. Uma ke libito lisebunyeni kubate lo –s.

Tibonelo:

Bunye	bunyenti
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Dog	dogs
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Pot	pots
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Tool	tools
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Bosolwimi labatsatfu **Karl Meinhof**, **Clement Doke**, kanye na**Tamyil Givon** badlale indzima lenkhulu ekuchamukeni neluhla lweticalo temabito.

4.2.1. LUHLA LWETICALO LWA-KARL MEINHOF

Sigaba	sicalo	tibonelo temabito
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1.	Umu-	umu-ntfu, um-fati, um-lungu
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2.	Ba-	ba-ntfu, ba-fati, b-ongi, be-lungu
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3.	Umu-	umu-ti, um-bala, um-endvo
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4.	Imi-	imi-ti, imi-bala, im-endvo
5.	Li-	li-vi, li-khwapha, li-ngisi, li-so
6.	Ema-	ema-vi, ema-khwapha, ema-ngisi, eme-hlo
7.	Si-	si-nkhwa, si-hlahla, s-andla
8.	Ti-	ti-nkhwa, ti-hlahla, ta-ndla
9.	In-	im-bali, in-so, iny-oka, ing-gungu
10.	Tin-	tim-mbali, tin-so, tiny-oka, ting-gungu
11.	Lu-	lu-tsi, lu-hlanya, lu-phahla
14.	Bu-	bu-bi, bu-tfongo, bu-hlalu, bu-khulu
15.	Ku-	ku-dla, ku-khuluma, ku-hamba

4.2.2. LUHLA LWETICALO LWA-CLEMENT DOKE

Sigaba	bunye	bunyenti
1.	Umu-	ba-
1a	-	bo-
2	umu-	imi-
3	li-	ema-
4	si-	ti-
5	in-	tin-
6	lu-	tin-
7		bu-
8		ku

Ngalokuvamile, etilwimini letinyenti tebantfu libito libonakala ngesicalo sesicu lesimakiwe, emkhatsni kwaletinye tintfo, sigaba. Sibonelo, libito lelitsi umfana lihlukaniseke laba tincenyi letimbili, um- losicalo kanye na -fana losicu selibito.

Kulungiswa kwaloku kuhlatiya kuvela etindzaweni letimbili. Kwekucala kumaka sigaba selibito. Bunye belibito lelitsi umfana bunyenti balo butsi bafana, leliphindze lihlukaniswe ngalendlela ba- losicalo kanye na –fana losicu. Kutsi sicut salelibito lesingu –fana sikhona ebunyentini nasebunyenti belilelibito kuveta kutsi lesicu sitimele ngaphandle kwesicalo. Kulungiswa kwesibili kuvela ecinisweni lekutsi sifundvo sekwakheka kwemabito ngeticalo letifanako letingahambisana naletinye ticu, njengobe kubonisiwe kuletibonelo leti landzelako:

1. a. umu-fi 'the deceased'
- b. umu-tsi 'medicene'
- c. umu-ti 'homestead'
2. a. um-sebenti 'work'
- b. um-dlalo 'game'
- c. um-fundisi 'preacher'

Timbili tinhlobo talesicalo, lesingu um-, lekunesicalo um- lesifishane, nesicalo umulekusicalo lesidze. Lokwenteka kunobe ngusiphi saleticalo kuncunywa sifundvo semisindvo yenkhulumo elulwimini ngekuhlola kusabalaliswa kwawo nemaphethini kanye nemitsetfo lelawula kumphimisa. Nkhamisa –u wekugcina wesicalo umuyasuswa uma kungagcizelelwa.

Kuneticalo letinyenti temabito letibhalwa etilwiini tebantfu. Sibonelo, emabito lalandzelako angavela ngeticalo letahlukene:

- | 3. Bunye | Letingabali | Bunyenti |
|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| a. umu- | | ba-fana |
| b. si-lima | | ti-lima |
| c. in-khukhu | | tin-khukhu |
| d. | bu-lima | |
| e. | ku-dla | |

Inchazelo yemdzabu Doke (1952), Zievorgel (1952) kanye naZeivorgel anaMabuza (1976) labachashunwe kuThwala (1996) bahlele leticalo taba ngaloku labakubita ngekutsi tigaba. Kucala kusigaba 1 kuya kusigaba 6 tihambisana ngebunye nangebunyenti bese kutsi sigaba 7 nesigaba 8 ton a titicalo letingabali. Uyibuke yesimo sebunye nebunyenti kulapho tigaba 7 kanye na-8 titicalo letingabali. Ngako-ke tibonisa ticalo letingagucuki. Ngako-ke bakhombisa ticalo letingagucuki.

Sigaba	bunyeLetingabali	bunyenti
1.	umu-	ba-
1a.	ø-	bo-
2.	umu-	imi-
3.	li-	ema-
4.	si-	ti-
5.	iN-	tiN-
6.	lu-	tiN-
7.		bu-
8.		ku-

Kunemaciniso lambalwa labeketelwa ngulokuhlobene netinchazelo elulwimini lokuvela esifundvweni lesibukene nekwakhiwa kwemagama elulwimini. Lokunye lokuphawulekako lapha kutsi emabito lasesigaben 1 na 1a ngemabito ebantfu. Ngalokutentekelako, wonkhe emabito ebantfu entiwe bopapayi. Sigaba 1 ngemabito ebantfu latayelekile kantsi 1a yena wemabitongco. Caphela kutsi nanobe wonkhe emabito esigaba 1 kanye nesigaba 1a kumabito ebantfu kuphela, loko akusho kutsi onkhe emabito ebantfu avaleleke kuletigaba. Emabito ebantfu aphindze avele etigaben 3-6 njengobe kuboniswa kuletibonelo letilandzelako:

Sigaba	bunye	bunyenti
3.	Li-jaha	ema-jaha

4.	Si-ngani	ti-ngani
5.	In-tfombi	tin-tfombi
6.	Lu-phuya	tin-phuya

Ngekubuka kwakheka kwaleticalo talamabito, singasho kutsi onkhe emabito lakuletigaba letilandzelako 2, 7, 8 ngemabito etintfo lettingaphili. Ngalokutentekelako, awekho emabito ebantfu lavela nakuletigaba. Lokubalulekile kutsi kucapheleke kutsi emabito etintfo lettingaphili afakwe ngaphasi kwaletigaba letilandzelako; 2, 7, na8 kuphela. Sigaba 3-6 tibuye tivete emabito etintfo lettingaphili njengobe kukhonjiswe kuletibonelo letilandzelako:

Sigaba	bunye	bunyenti
3.	li-tje	ema-tje
4.	si-tja	ti-tja
5.	in-dlu	tin-dlu
6.	lu-tsi	tin-tsi

Ticalo tesigaba 7 siveta emagama lasuselwe etichasisweni. Ngako-ke, mancane kakhulu emabito langacanjwa langasuselwa etichasisweni langatfolakala lacala ngesicalo bu- lesikusigaba 7. Ngakulolunye luhlangotsi, tonkhe tichasisho tingavela nesicalo bu- emabitweni langaveli etichasisweni.

Emabito esigaba 7 langaveli kutichasiso Emabito lavela etichasiswetin esigaba 7

Bu-hlalu	bu-hle
Bu-tjoki	bu-mnyama
Bu-tsi	bu-nye
Bu-nja	bu-banti

Ticalo temabito esigaba 8 tiveta ebabito lavela etentweni. Emabito lasuselwa etentweni esigaba 8 anetinchazelo letichasisako. Tonkhe tento tingacalwa ngesicalo sesigaba 8 ku- kute kutfolwe emabito lasuselwa etentweni, njengobe kukhonjiwe kuletibonelo letilandzelako:

Emabito esigaba 8 lasuselwa etentweni

- a) Ku-fa
- b) Ku-dlala
- c) Ku-sebenta
- d) Ku-fundza

Ngaphandle kwaloku lokutayelekile lokulapha ngenhla, akukhonakali kutsi sisho kutsi libito litovela nasiphi sicalo. Sibonelo, uma kuvetwa emabito lafana nelikomishi nemoto lesingakucagela kutsi; (i) angeka abekusigaba 1 na-1a njengobe kungebona bantfu. (ii) Angeke avele esigabeni 7 nasesigabeni 8 njengobe engenawo emabito labalako. Loku kushiya sigaba 2-6. Kuvele kutsi inkhomishi ingahlelwa njengelibito lelikusigaba 3 nobe lelikusigaba 5, kantsi imoto ingahlelwa njengelibito lesigaba 5 kuphela.

Sigaba	bunye	bunyenti
3.	li-komishi	ema-komishi
5.	in-komishi	tin-komishi
5.	i-moto	ti-moto
3.	*li-moto	ema-moto

Lapha ngenhla kuyabonakala kutsi imoto ligama lelingangena kusigaba 5 kuphela. Nanobe kuvela kutsi lamanye emabitomfakela akusigaba 5, loko akusho kutsi kufanele sitsi sigaba 5 semabitomfakela kuphela. Lapha ngaphasi sitawubona tibonelo temabitomfakela lakuletinye tigaba:

Sigaba	bunye	bunyenti
3.	li-phepha	ema-phepha
3.	li-hembe	ema-hembe
4.	si-tulo	ti-tulo

4.	si-sefo	ti-sefo
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Singaphetsa ngekutsi imofoloji yetinombolo tetigaba temabito elulwimini IweSiswati ibiketela loku (i), ticalo tesigaba 1 kanye nesigaba 1a tonkhe teveta bantfu. (ii) Tonkhe ticalo temabito lakuletigaba letilandzelako 2, 7, na-8 akutsito ticalo tebantfu. Sigaba 7 na-8 ticalo takhona atibali. Kukhona sibiketelo lesincane mayelana neticalo temabito etigaba 3-6. Ngako-ke, leticalo tingavela kuto tonkhe tinhlobo temabito, kufaka ekhatsi alokuphilako nemabito alokungaphili. Emabito esigaba 3-6 angaba emabito lanebunye kuphela nobe abe ngemabito lanebunyenti kuphela. Ngako-ke kunekuba khona sicalo sebunye nesicalo sebunyenti esigabeni 3 lekungu li- sicalo sebunye kantsi ema- sicalo sebunyenti, libito lelingabali lelitsi ‘ema-nti’ alinabo bunye lobuhambisana nalo. Leligama utsi natsi nawufuna kulimikisa ebunyeni likunike ligama lelitsi ‘*li-manti’ lekuligama lelingamukeleki elulwimini IweSiswati.

4.2. 3. LUHLA LWATAMYL GIVON

Sigaba bunyebunyenti

1/2	umu-	ba-
1a/2a		bo-
3/4	umu-	imi-
5/6	li-	ema-
7/8	si-	ti-
9/10	in-	tin-
11/10	lu-	tin-
14		bu-
15		ku-

4.3. KUCATSANISWA KWETICALO TEMABITO NGEKWETIGABA TAWO

Uma sibukisia letinhlelo lettingetulu sibona loku lokulandzelako:

Etigabeni taKarl Meinhof:

- Nguleso naleso sicalo sinenombolo yaso.
- Kukhona tikhala ku 12 na 13 lapho kute khona ticalo.
- Ticalo letinikwe tinombolo letiyinshezi (odd numbers) nguleto letikhomba bunye bese kutsi leto letinetinombolo letikhomba (even numbers) tona tibe bunyenti.
- Emabito esigaba 11 atsatsa bunyenti esigabeni 10 lesisemuva. Lokusho kutsi sigaba 10 bunyenti betigaba letimbili bo 9 na 11.
- Etigabeni 14 na 15 khona emabito akehlukanisi bunye nebunyenti.
- Linyenti leticalo linelilunga linye. Tikhona letimbalwa noko letinemalunga lamabili. Leti-ke tona ticala ngankhamisa alandzelwe ngumafonkholo. Ngalesizatfu letigaba kutsiwa tigaba tabomafonkholo (nasal classes).
- Ticalo letiku 9 na 10 tona tinamafonkholo lomkhulu.

Etigabeni taClement Doke:

- Sigaba sisinye sinikwa ticalo letimbili. Sinye sicalo sikhomba bunye lesinye sikhombe bunyenti. Tinjalo nje ticalo tiyahambelana ngekutsi sici lesisebentise sicalo sebunye lesikuleso sigaba imvamisa yesikhatsi siphindze sisebentise sicalo sebunyenti lesikuso leso sigaba. Loku kwenta kutsi kube lula kubona budlelwane emkhatsini webunye nebunyenti. Lukuhambelana akukhonjiswa kulolu IwaMeinhof.
- Kute tikhala kulolu Iwadoke, ngaphandle kwesigabeni 1a bunye lapho khona kute sicalo.
- Luhlelo Iwadoke selunesigaba 1a lebesingekho kuMeinhof.
- Lolu Iwadoke lona selunetigaba letisiphohlongo kuphela.

Etigabeni taTamyil Givon

- Lendlela itsi ayifane nalena yadoke kepha umehluko kutsi sigaba sisinye siniketwe tinombolo letimbili letimemene.
- Yekucala inombolo imele bunye kani lena yesibili imele bunyenti.

4.4. KUHLELWA KWETICALO TEMABITO

Uma sibuka ticalo temabito talabosolwimi labatsatfu, siphawula kutsi emabito ahleleke ngekwemcondvo lawucuketse. Emabito lanemcondvo lofanako anikwe sigaba sawo odvwa. Lokusho kutsi emabito lacondza bantfu anikwe sigaba sawo kwatsi lacondza tilwane anikwa sawo sigaba.

Bosolwati betfu labatsatfu Karl Meinhof, Tamyl Givon na Clement Doke basebentise sigaba 1 njengesigaba lesakhelwe emabito ebantfu. Umehluko lokhona kulabahleli ngulokutsi Doke unesigaba 1a bese kutsi Givon yena ushwambakanye sigaba 1 na 2 kodvwa watenta tamela emabito ebantfu. Emabito laku 1 wa Givon asebunyeni bese kutsi 2 usebunyentini.

4.5. UMCONDVO LOCUKETFWE TIGABA TACLEMENT DOKE

4.5.1 SIGABA 1

(a) Bantfu

Bunye	bunyenti
Umngani	bangani
Umlungu	belungu
Umongi	bongi

(b) Emabito ebantfu lavela etentweni

Bunye	bunyenti
Umbhali	babhali
Umdlali	badlali
Umdobi	badobi

4.5.2. SIGABA 1a

(a) Emabitongco

Bunye	bunyenti
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Themba	boThemba
--------	----------

Kopela	boKopela
--------	----------

Mkhabela	boMkhabela
----------	------------

(b) Emabito lakhomba buhlobo

Bunye	bunyenti
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Gogo	bogogo
------	--------

Mzala	bomzala
-------	---------

Make	bomake
------	--------

(c) Emabito etintfo longasatikhumbuli kahle

Bunye	bunyenti
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Nansika	bonansika
---------	-----------

Lokwane	bolokwane
---------	-----------

Ntokanje	bontokanje
----------	------------

(d) Emabito etilwane

Bunye	bunyenti
-------	-----------------

Miyane	bomiyanne
--------	-----------

Nogolantsetse	bonogolantsetse
---------------	-----------------

Bhosho	bobhosho
--------	----------

(e) Emabito lamifakela

Bunye	bunyenti
-------	-----------------

Tamatsi	botamatsi
---------	-----------

Pondo	bopondo
-------	---------

Tiki	botiki
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(f) Timila netitselo

Bunye	bunyenti
Bhatata	bobhatata
Mangoza	bomangoza
Umoba	bomoba

4.5.3. SIGABA 2

(a) Imifula

bunye	bunyenti
Umtilane	imitilane
Umhlathuze	imihlathuze
Umgababa	imigababa

(b) Tihlahla

Bunye	bunyenti
Umganu	imiganu
Umntulu	imintulu

(c) Titfo temtimba

Bunye	bunyenti
Umsila	imisila
Umlomo	imilomo
Umunwe	iminwe

(d) Emabito lavela etentweni letisemphambosini yekwentela

Bunye	bunyenti
Umhlabela	imihlatjelo
Umphumela	imiphumela

(e) Bantfu

Bunye	bunyenti
Umhambuma	imihambima
Umlindzankhosi	imilindzankhosi
Umsheshelengwane	imisheshelengwane

4.5.4. SIGABA 3

(a) Imifikela

Bunye	bunyenti
Libhantji	emabrantji
Liphayiphi	emaphayiphi
Lihhabhula	emahhabhula

(b) Tilwane

Bunye	bunyenti
Libhubesi	emabhubesi
Lidvuba	emadvuba
Ligundvwane	emagundvwane

(c) Tintfo letisaluketjeti

Emasi

Emanti

Emafutsa

(d) Tintfo letihamba ngatimbili

Bunye	bunyenti
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Liwele	emawele
Lihlombe	emahlombe
Liso	emehlo

(e) Tive

Bunye	bunyenti
Liswati	emaswati
Libhunu	emabhunu
Lingisi	emangisi

(f) Tintfo letinyenti

Bunye	bunyenti
Litje	ematje
Likhiwa	emakhiwa
Litsanga	ematsanga (pumpkins)

4.5.5. SIGABA 4

(a) Tinsimi

Bunye	bunyenti
Sidvumbe	tidvumbe
Sibhana	tibhana

(b) Emabito ebantfu laphuma etentweni

Bunye	bunyenti
Sisebenti	tisebenti
Sivakashi	tivakashi
Siboshwa	tiboshwa

(c) Emabito etilwane

Bunye	bunyenti
Sibungu	tibungu
Sibhubukati	tibhubukati
Sikhukhukati	tikhukhukati

4.5.6. SIGABA 5

(a) Emabito ebantfu

Bunye	bunyenti
Injinga	tinjinga
Indvuna	tindvuna
Inkhubela	tinkhubela

(b) Emabito etilwane

Bunye	bunyenti
Imvu	timvu
Inja	tinja
Imphala	timphala

(c) Emabito etitfo temtimba

Bunye	bunyenti
Indlebe	tindlebe
Inhlitiyo	tinhlitiyo
Inhloko	tinhloko

(d) Emabito etinyoka

Bunye **bunyenti**

Imamba timamba

Inhlatfu tinhlatfu

Imfeti timfeti

(e) Imifakela

Bunye **bunyenti**

Imoti timoti

Inyalitsi tinyalitsi

Indishi tindishi

(a) Emabito ebantfu

Bunye **bunyenti**

Luswane tinswane

Luhlanya tinhlanya

Luphuya timphuya

(b) Emabito etintfo letingaphili

Bunye **bunyenti**

Lukhuni tinkhuni

Ludziwo tindziwo

Lunwele tinwele

(c) Emabito lete bunyenti

Lulala

Lubisi

Lukhwekhwe

Lukhula

(d) Emabito lete bunye

Tindzala

Tincotolwane

Tincatsa

4.5.7. SIGABA 7

Emabito lakulesigaba awehlukaniseki bunye nebunyenti.

(a) Emabitosimo

Bubi

Budzala

Buphuya

Bukholwa

(b) Emabitogcogca

Buhlalu

Tjwala

Bulembu

Busika

(c) Emabito etilwane

Budzatja

Bubhibhi

Bushigwane

4.5.8. SIGABA 8

Emabito latfolakala kulesigaba kutsiwa ngemabitosento ngoba ake asebente njengemabito kani abuye asebente njengetento kulesinye sikhatsi. Lamabito abonakala ngeticalo kw- na k-.

Kunatsa

Kwala

Kokha

Kudla

Konga

4.6. TICU TEMABITO

Incenye yesibili yelibito sicutu. Ticu tehlukene kibili. Kukhona ticu temvelo bese kuba khona ticu tekubolekwa

4.6. 1. TICU TEMVELO

Ticu temvelo nguleti letingabolekwa ndzawo. Ayikho nenkhomba lengasinika umcondvo wekutsi leticu tingabe tavela njani. Tiyatfolakala-ke etigabeni letinyenti.

Tibonelo:

Sigaba	ticalo	ticu temvelo
1	umu-, ba-	-ntfu, -tfwa, -fana.
2	umu-, imi-	-ti, -fula, -ganu.
3	li-, ema-	-tsanga, -sondvo.
4	si-, ti-	-hlahla, -mongo, -bhuluja.
5	in-, tin-	-phuphu, -gati, -khukhu.
6	lu-, tin-	-tsi, -phondvo, -khuni.
7	bu-	-so, -vila, -hlalu.

Sigaba 8 sona sinesicu semvelo lesingu –dla kuphela. Lesikuphawulako lapha kutsi sivele sifake sicalo lesifanele kuleticu temvelo, bese kuvela emabito lakuleso sigaba lesisebentise sicalo sakhona.

4.6. 2. TICU TEKUBOLEKWA

Letinye ticu temabito tiyabolekwa. Singatiboleka kuletinye titfo tenkhulumo khona esiswatini, sibuye sitiboleke futsu, uletunye tilwimi.

4.6.2.1. TICU LETIBOLEKWE KULETINYE TITFO TENKHULUMO

(a) Etabitweni:	mine	bu-mine
	sonkhe	so-nkhe
(b) Etichasisweni:	khulu	bu-khulu
(c) Etentweni:	hamba	ku-hamba
	-dlala	um-dlali
(d) Etibanjalweni:	ngimi	bu-ngimi
	njalo	bu-njalo.
(e) Esibabatweni:	maye!	Bu-mayemaye.
(f) Esentakutsini:	dzalakaca	um-dzalakaca.
	phece	um-phece.

4.6.2.2. TICU LETIBOLEKWE KULETINYE TILWIMI/ IMIFAKELA

Tibonelo:

(a) Esingisini:	map	i-mephу
	money	i-mali
	office	li-hhovisi
(b) Esibhunwini:	hek	li-hheke
	hemp	li-hembe
	dom	bu-domu

4.7. EMABITOMUNTFU

Libitomuntfu ligama lelivela esicwini sesento ngekubulala nkhamisa logcinile bese kujotjelelwa nkhamisa “i” bese-ke kucalwa ngesicalo lesifanele. Imvamisa lamabito asuke achaza simo semuntfu, umsebenti wakhe noma loku lavamise kukwenta.

4.7.1. EMABITOMUNTFU LASEBENTISA SICALO SESIGABA 1

Sento	libitomuntfu bunye/bunyenti
Tfunga	umtfungi > batfungi
Tsengisa	umtsengisi > batsengisi
Hlabelela	umhlabeleli > bahlabeleli

4.7.2. EMABITOMUNTFU LASEBENTISASAKHI LESIJUTJIWE LESINGU -NE

Sento	libitomuntfu bunye/ bunyenti
Bhala	mabhalane > bomabhalane
Penda	mapendane > bomapendane
Ntjingela	mantjingelane > bomantjingelane

4.7.3. EMABITOMUNTFU LASEBENTISA TICALO TESIGABA 3

Sento	libitomuntfu bunye/ bunyenti
Kholwa	likholwa > emakholwa
Soka	lisoka > emasoka

4.7.4. EMABITOMUNTFU LASEBENTISA TICALO TESIGABA 4

Sento	libitomuntfu bunye / bunyenti
Sebenta	sisebenti > tisebenti
Ona	soni > toni
Ganga	sigangi > tigangi
Dzelela	sidzeleli > tidzeleli

4.7.5. EMABITOMUNTFU LASEBENTISA TICALO TESIGABA 5

Sento	libitomuntfu bunye/ bunyenti
Banga	imbangi > timbangi
Mpimpa	impimpi > timpimpi
Tfomba	intfombi > tintfombi

4.7.6. EMABITOMUNTFU LAKHIWE NGEKUSEBENTISA SIJOBELELO –SE

Lesijobelelo sisetjentiswa kakhulu uma kwakhiwa emabitongco ebantfu labasikati.

(a) Sijotjelelwā kumabitomvama:

Libitomvama	libitomuntfu
Umsindvo	msindvose
Buhlalu	buhlaluse

(b) Sijotjelelwā etiphawulweni:

Siphawulo	libitomuntfu
-khulu	khuluse
-dzala	dzelase

(c) Sijotjelelwā etibalulini:

Sibaluli	libitomuntfu
Mnyama	mnyamase

(d) Sijotjelelwā eticwini tetento:

Sento	libitomuntfu
Hamba	hambase
Zula	zulase

(e) Sijotjelelwa etentweni letisemphambosini yekwentiwa:

Sento	libitomuntfu
Khonjwa	mkhonjwase
Tfukwa	tfukwase

(f) Sijotjelelwa kumabitontfo:

Libitontfo	libitomuntfu
Intsandvo	ntsandvose
Luzamo /umzamo	mzamose

4.8. EMABITONTFO

Lawa ngemabito lakhiwa asuselwa etentweni kukhomba tintfo. Kungaba tintfo lesitisebentisako nasenta tento letitsite noma kube ngemabito aleto tintfo letsuke tentiwa. Lapha-ke sisebentisa ticalo temabito letehlukene, bese sisebentisa sijobelelo “o” esikhundleni sankhamisa wekugcina wesicu sesento.

(a) Emabitontfo lasebentisa ticalo tesigaba 2

Sento	libitontfo bunye/ bunyenti
-tfunga	umtfungo > imitfungo
-tsetsa	umtsetfo > imitsetfo
-endza	umendvo > imendvo

(b) Emabitontfo lasebentisa ticalo tesigaba 3

Sento	libitontfo bunye/ bunyenti
-lungela	lilungelo > emalungelo
-lobola	lilobolo > emalobolo
-songa	lisongo > emasongo

(c) Emabitontfo lasebentisa ticalo tesigaba 4

Sento	libitontfo bunye/ bunyenti
-ona	sono > tono
-ondla	sondlo > tondlo
-enta	sento > tento

(d) Emabitontfo lasebentisa ticalo tesigaba 5

Sento	libitontfo bunye/ bunyenti
-bilisa	imbiliso > timbiliso
-phatsa	imphatfo > timphatfo
-tsenga	intsengo > tintsengo

(e) Emabitontfo lasebentisa ticalo tesigaba 6

Sento	libitontfo bunye/ bunyenti
-ncedza	luncedvo > tincedvo
-tsandza	lutsandvo > tintsandvo

4.9. EMABITONGCO

Emabitongco ngemabito laniketwa bantfu, tindzawo, emalanga eliviki, tinyanga temnyaka, tifundvo, tihloko tetincwadzi, temafilimu netemidlalo. Emabitongco acala ngabofeleba ngaso sonkhe sikhatsi.

Tibonelo:

- Bantfu: **Thoko**, **Mfanufikile**, **Lotililo**
- Tindzawo: **Nhlazatje**, **Mayflower**, **iNyuvesi yaseVenda**
- Emalanga: **uMsombuluko**, **uMgcibelo**,
- Tinyanga: **Bhimbidvwana**, **Mabasa**
- Tihloko tetincwadzi/ temabhuku: **Silondvolota Siswati**, **Hayani Maswati**, **Licele Lemphilo**

- Tilwimi kanye netifundvo: siBhunu, siNgisi, Siswati, Temlandvo, Tibalo.

Emabitongco lakhomba emabito ebantfu akhiwa ngekutsi kusetjentiswe ticalo letitsite tekwakha wona lamabito.

(a) Emabito lacondza emadvodza angakhiwa ngekutsi kucaliswe nga so-. Lilunga lekucala lelibito liyasuswa kufakwe so-

Tibonelo:

So + likhaya > Sokhaya

So + umhlolo > Somhlolo

So + emabhizinisi > Somabhizinisi

(b) Emabito lakhomba bafati angakhiwa ngekusebentisa sicalo nabo- noma labo-. Lapha sisuke sifuna kutsi lona ngunina wa-.

Tibonelo:

NaboThoko > ngunina waThoko

NaboFikile > ngununa waFikile

LaboMusa > ngunina waMusa

(c) Emabito lakhomba bantfu labasikati angakhiwa futsi asuselwa etibongweni noma emabitweni ebantfu labadvuna ngekusebentisa sicalo la-, lesikhomba kutsi lona ngumntfwana walomuntfu.

Tibonelo:

Lazwane > ngumntfwana waZwane

Ladludlu > ngumntfwana waDludlu

Lamakhanya > ngumntfwana waMakhanya

(d) Emabito ebantfu labasikati lasuselwa kumabitomvama ngekucalisa ngesakhi lo-

Tibonelo:

Lo + umtsimba > Lomtsimba

Lo + incwala > Loncwala

Lo + emabhunu > Lomabhunu

Emabito emantfombatane lasuselwa emagameni emalanga eliviki:

Tibonelo

Umgcibelo > Lomgcibelo

Umsombuluko > Lomsombuluko

Emasontfo > Lomasontfo

(e) Emabito ebantfu labadvuna lakhwi ngekutsi kufakwe sakhi lo- tibonelo:

Tibonelo:

Lo + inkokhelo > Lonkhokhelo

Lo + luzaza > Lozaza

(f) Emabito ebantfu labasikati lasuselwe emabitweni ngekutsi kujotjelelwe –se.

Tibonelo:

Umtfwalo > Mtfwalose

Umsindvo > Msindvose

Imphandze > Mphandzese

Umhlaba > Mhlabase

(g) Emabitongco lasuselwa kumabitomvama ngekutsi sisuse lilunga lekucala lelibito noma ke sivele silitsatse libito njengoba linjalo.

Tibonelo:

Umhlaba > Mhlaba

Imbasha > Mbasha

Emandla > Mandla

Siphepho > Siphepho

4.10. EMABITOMVAMA

Emabitomvama ngemabito etintfo letijwayelekile njengesihlahla, indlu, umtfwalo nalamanye lamanyenti. Emabito ayakhiwa kulamanye emabito ngekutsi kuguculweticalo. Libito lingesuswa esigabeni lesitsite lifakwe kulesinye sigaba ngekutsi kufakwesicalo saleso sigaba lesisha.

Tibonelo:

Inyoka (5) > bunyoka (7)

Live (3) > buve (7) > sive (4)

Umuntfu (1) > buntfu (7) > sintfu (4)

Silima (4) > bulima (7)

(a) Emabito lasuselwa esigabeni 5 wona avame kutsi ahambe nencenye yesicalo nakayiswa kulesinye sigaba

T ibonelo:

Ing-goma (5) > bu-n-goma (7)

Im-bulu (5) > bu-m-bulu

In-tfulo (5) > bu-n-tfulo

(b) Lamanye emabito esigaba 5 awahambi nalomafonkholo. Lawa-ke imvamisa yawo ngulawa lakha bunyenti esigabeni 3.

Tibonelo:

In-khos (5) > bu-khos (7)

In-khosana (5) > bu-khosana (7)

In-ndvodza (5) > bu-dvodza (7)

4.11. TINCIPHISO

Tinciphiso ngemagama laveta buncane bentfo. Lawa ngemabito lasuselwa kulamanye emabito ngekutsi kusetjentiswe sijobelelo lesikhomba sinciphiso. Lesijobelelo ngu –ana.

Ngokusho kwaVan Eeden locashunwe kuMohlala (2003:35) uchaza ngesijobelelo – ana lesine sijobelelo –ane lesiveta kwehluka kwaso utsi:

Sijobelelo –ana sisetjentiswa kuveta nobe kwakha sinciphiso selibito sibuye satiwe ngekutsi sijobelelo lesinciphisa intfo nobe lokutsite. Emabito lanesitjobelelo –ana abitwa ngekutsi ngemabito lanciphisako. Sijobelelo lesinciphisako –ana akujobelelwa nobe ngabe nguliphi libito kuso, lokusho kutsi lesijobelelo sisebenta emabitweni lakhetsiwe.

Kulenchazele lengenhla kuvela kutsi emabito lanesijobelelo –ana aveta buncane bentfu letsite, busha kanye nebuncane belinani. Loku kusho kutsi libito lelinciphiswako lingaveta buncane, busha nobe buncane belinani.

Tibonelo:

Libito sinciphiso

Sandla - sandl-ana

Liphunga - liphung-ana

Imphisi - imphis-ana

(i) Intfo lencane ngekutalwa

Tibonelo:

Libito sinciphiso

Indvodza - indvodzana

Umuntfu - umntfwana

(ii) Intfo lencane ngelinani

Tibonelo:

Tinsuku - tinsukwana

Ummbilala - ummbidlana

Emavi - emavana

(iii) Tingakhomba kwedzelela nebuphuya

Tibonelo:

Indvodza - indvojeyana

Indvodzakati - indvodzakatana

Lichegu - lichegwana

Salukati - salukatana

Umfokati - umfokatana

Umuntfu - umntfukatana

(iv) Tingakhomba kuteketisa, kuyitsandza noma kuyidlalisa info

Tibonelo:

Salukati - salukatana sami

Indvodzakati - indvodzakatana yakho

Umtsakatsi - umtsakashana

(a) Nangabe libito ligcina ngankhamisa –o noma –u lowo nkhamisa bese uyagucuka uba ngu –w- bese sifaka lesijobelelo sesinciphiso

Tibonelo:

Libito **sinciphiso**

Umtfungo umtfung-w-ana

Luphonjwo luphonj-w-ana

Sisu sis-w-ana

(b) Kunetingucuko letiba khona nasihlanganisa libito kanye nesijobelelo.

Nangabe libito linandzebembili [p, m, b, bh, ph, mb, mp] elungeni lokugcina lowo ndzebembili uyagucuka abe ngulwangeni.

Tibonelo:

Libito		sinciphiso		ingucuko
Ingubo	>	ingutjana	b	> tj
Ligabha	>	ligaj-ana	bh	> j
Umlomo	>	umlony-ana	m	> ny
Liphaphu	>	liphash-ana	ph	> sh
Litsemba	>	litsenj-ana	mb	> nj
Lipipi	>	lipitj-ana	p	> tj
Impo mpi	>	impontj-ana	mp	> ntj

(c) Bongwacansinini bagucuka babe bolwangeni nabaselungeni lekugcina lelibito.

Tibonelo:

Libito	>	sinciphiso		ingucuko
Umutsi	>	umush-ana	ts	> sh
Intfo	>	inshw-ana	tf	> shw
Incwadzi	>	incwaj-ana	dz	> j
Indvuna	>	indvunyana	n	> ny
Lidada	>	lidajana	d	> j

(d) Uma lilunga lekugcina lina –w- alandzelwa ngunkhamisa –o- noma –u-sivele sibasuse labonkhamisa sifake sijobelelo –ana.

Tibonelo:

Libito	>	sinciphiso
Lunyawo	>	lunyaw-ana
Sishewu	>	sishew-ana
Umgewu	>	umgew-ana

(e) Kuyenteka kutsi ngwaca ‘l’nakaselungeni lekugcina asuswe kufakwe ‘dl’ esikhundlnei sakhe.

Tibonelo:

Libito	>	sinciphiso
Silulu	>	silu-dl-w-ana
Likhala	>	likha-dl-ana
Umfula	>	umfu-dl-ana

(f) Singabuye sisebentise –anyana lokhomba kunciphisa kakhulu. Kulesinye sikhatsi siyaliphindza lilunga nya

Tibonelo:

Umuntfu	> um ntfw-ana	>umntfwa-nya-na	umntfwa-nya-nya-na
Ligama	> liga-nya-na	> liga-nya-nya-na	

4.12. SIKHULISO

Sikhuliso sona sisetjentiswa kukhombisa intfo lenkhulu ngalokubabatekako. Sijobelelo –kati ngeSiswati kutsiwa siveta bukhulu, kubaluleka nebulili. Van Eeden, (1956:726) ubeka ngalendlela mayelana nesijobelelo –kati:

-kati appears [...] as an augmentative suffix, that is, to express bigness, importance, excellence, etc. (but this function of these suffixes is evidently secondary).

-kati uvela [...] njengesijobelelo sekwandzisa, lokungukutsi, kuveta bukhulu, kubaluleka, buhle, njll. (kodvwa loku ngumsebenti walesijobelelo ngalokusobala wesibili).

Kule nkhulumo lengenhla, Van Eeden, (1956:726) uveta umbono lotsi lotsi sijobelelo –kati umsebenti waso kuveta umcondvo webukhulu nobe bukhulu, kubaluleka kanye nebulule nobe kuba selizingeni lekucala entfweni letsite ngekwemvelo. Umsebentinchanti wesijobelelo –kati kuveta bulili besifazane.

Tibonelo: Bulili Besifazane

Libito

Si-khukhu-kati

Um-lobo-kati

Um-felo-kati

In-dvodza-kati

In-dlovu-kati

Tibonelo: Letiveta bukhulu

Libito

tin-yawo-kati

tin-dlebe-kati

si-tiba-kati

um-fula-kati

in-tsaba-kati

Nakwakhiwa emabito latikhuliso tetintfo letingafaki bulili, -kati uvamise kusetjentiswa nemabito latimele. Ngako-ke libito ngalinye leisetjentisiwe lapha ngehla kutsi likhulisiwe lingakhona kutimela ngaphandle kwesijobelelo sesikhuliso –kati. Nakwakhiwa tikhuliso letiveta bulili besifazane –kati akajobelewa elibitweni lelitimele ngasosonkhe sikhatsi.

Sibonelo:

Libito

Libito lelikhulisiwe

Sikhukhu

Sikhukhu-kati

Umlobo

Umlobo-kati

Umfelo

Umfelo-kati

Letibonelo letingenhla tivumelana naloku lokushiwo ngenhla, lapho kuphawulwe kutsi akusiwo onkhe emabito lakhona kutimela uma kwakhiwa tikhuliso letiveta bulili

besifazane. Lamagama langenhla awakhoni kutimela awodwva ngaphandle kwesijobelelo kati.

Kunemagama nobe emabito langantjintji sivumelwano sawo uma kwakhiwa bulili besifazana. Ngekujobelela -kati kulamabito latimele kuntjintja inshokutsi yaleligama kepha sivumelwano salo asintjintji: Lapha ngaphasi kulandzela tibonelo temagama lantjintja inshokutsi yawo ngekujobelela sakhi sebulili besifazane -kati kuwo.

Tibonelo

Libito lelitimele	Inshokutsi levetwa sijobelelo -kati
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Indvodza	Indvodza-kati
Indlovu	indlovu-kati
Intsandvo	intsandvo-kati
Umhlonishwa	umhlonishwa-kati

4.13. EMABITO LAKHIWA NGEKUPHINDZA SICU

Emabito ayakhiwa kulamanye ngekutsi kuphindvwe sicu. Emabito lakiwa ngalendlela akhomba lokunyenti ngalokubabatekako.

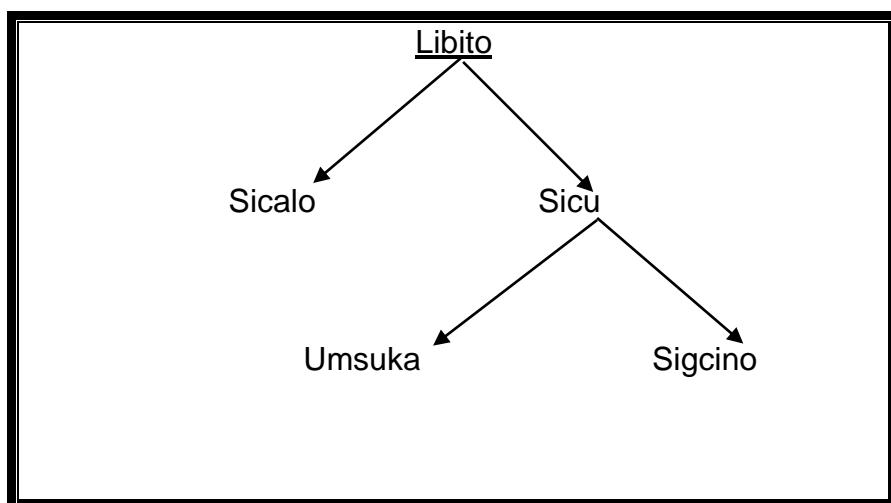
Tibonelo:

Libito	lelakhiwe
Imiti	> imi-ti-yi-ti
Emadvwala	> ema-dvwala-dvwala
Emakhosi	> ema-khos-i-khos-i
Imibala	> imi-bala-bala
Tikhwama	> ti-khwama-khwama
Tintsaba	> ti-ntsaba-ntsaba

Lokuphawulekako ngaletibonelo letingenhla kutsi, uma libito linesicu lesilunganye siyaliphindza lelilunga kodvwa sigace –yi- emkhatsini njengobe kwentekile kulesibonelo sekucala. Emabito lanemalunga lamabili asiphindza sonkhe sicut selibito. Emabito laneticu letinemalunga langetulu kwaletimbili wona awasetjentiswa. Akusiwo wonkhe emabito langasetjentiswa ngalendlela lengenhla.

4.14. EMABITOSENTO

Lawa ngemagama lasebenta njengetento abuye asebente njengemabito. Lamabito akhiwa ngekutsi avete letintfo letintsatfu letilandzelako, sigama/imombolo, nelibito lelakhiwe sicalo kanye nalelakhiwe sigcino. (Mathebula nalabanye 1994: 28)



Lomdvwebo uchashunwe kuThwala (1996:38)

Njengobe sekubekiwe enkhulumeni lengenhla, sigcino seligama sibaluleke kakhulu. Emabito lagcina ngankhamisa –i nobe –a avamise kuveta bantfu, kantsi onkhe emabito lagcina ngankhamisa –o wona avamise kuveta intfo letsite lengasuye umuntfu.

Tibonelo:

Sento	libito (langaveti umuntfu)	Libito (laveta umuntfu)
dlala	>	umdlalo > umdlali

		imidlalo		badlali
hamba	>	luhambo	>	tihambi
fundza	>	sifundvo	>	umfundzi
		tifundvo		bafundzi
sekela	>	sisekelo	>	lisekela
		tisekelo		emasekela
sebenta	>	umsebenti	>	umsebenti
		imisebenti		basebenti

Lokuphawelekako lapha kutsi akusiwo onkhe emabito lagcina ngankhamisa –i lokhombisa bantfu. Kunemabito lagcina ngankhamisa –i langakhombisi bantfu njenge libito lelitsi “umsebenti” lelinebunyenti lobutsi “imisebenti” lamabito agcina ngankhamisa –i kondvwa awaveti umuntfu nobe bantfu.

Kunetento letinwetjwe umsuka wato kute tivete emabito. Tibonelo taleto tento Kanye nemabito lavela etentweni letinwetjiwe:

Tibonelo:

Sento lesinwetjiwe	libito
-bamb-is-	> si-bamb-is-o
-hlamb-is-	> um-hlamb-is-o
-bil-is-	> si-bil-is-o
-mangal-is-	> si-mangal-is-o
-landz-el-	> um-landz-el-i
-buk-el-	> si-buk-el-li
-dze-el-	> in-dze-le-lo

Siyaphumelela kwakha emabito latfolakala emisukeni yesento lenwetjiwe. Tinchazelo talamabito tibiketelwa etincenyeni tangekhatsi tawo. Kunemabito longeke ukhone kuveta inchazelo yawo ngencenye yangekhatsi yawo.

Tibonelo:

-hlamb-is- um-hlamb-is-o

-dl-is si-dl-is-o

Letibonelo letingenhla tivumelana naloko lokushiwo ngenhla kutsi kунетенто longeke ukhone kwakha inchazelo yelibito ngencenye yato lengekhatsi.

Emabito lasuselwa etentweni laveta sikhatsi lesidlulile. Lamabitomuntfu laveta tikhatsi letidlulile akakheki uma libitomuntfu ligcina ngankhamisa -i. Ngako-ke emabito laveta sikhatsi lesidlulile ancunyelwe kutsi agcina ngabonkhamisa -a nobe nkhamisa -o.

Tibonelo:

Sento	Libito leliveta sikhatsi lesidlulile
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-tfuny-w-a Si-tfuny-wa

-enti-w-a um-enti-w-a

-tsandv-w-a si-tsandv-w-a

-phi-w-a si-phi-w-o

-hlonish-w-a um-hlonish-w-a

Lokuvela lapha kuletibonelo letingenhla kutsi lamabito laveta sikhatsi lesidlulile akusiwo emabitomuntfu kuphela, kepha kukhona nemabitontfo njengobe sibona sibonelo sesento phi-w-a libito lelisela nobe lelisuselwe lapho libitontfo si-phi-wo lekungasilo libitomuntfu kodvwa libitontfo.

Esifundvweni sekvakheka kwemabito lasuselwa etentweni, sakhi sekwentiwa siyinhlanganisela lehambisana nekwentiwa kwemagama nenhloko lesuselwa esentweni. Inhlanganisela yekwentiwa yakheka ngekuhlanganisa nangekuphuma kwenhlanganisela. Lapha kulamagama sigci lesikhetsiwe singahle sibe sikhulu kune

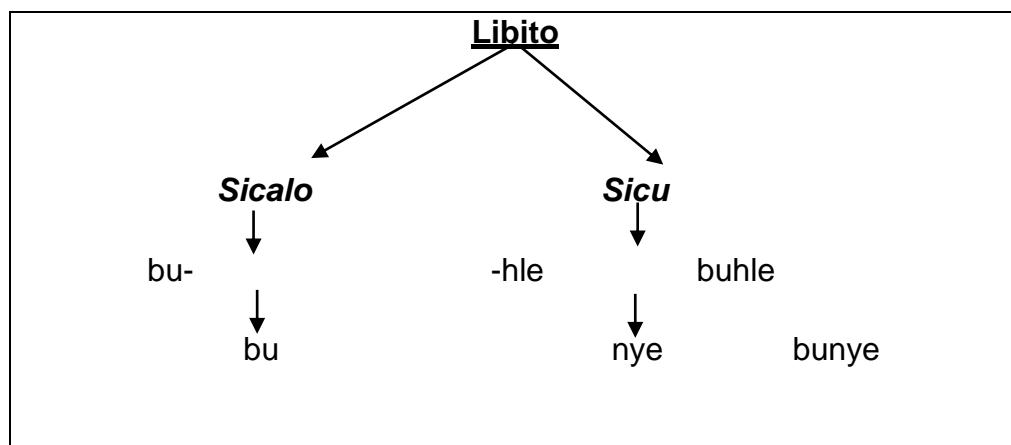
nhloko, ngako-ke kuto tonkhe tinhlobo tesento lapho libito lisuselwa khona kunga landzela (sijobelelo sekukhulisa, siphelelisi nobe lesinye sigatjana selibito).

Tibonelo:

Sento	sento lesilandzisako	Libito lelisulwa kuletento
Ku-hamba	+ u-ma	= umhambuma
Ku-dl-el-a	+ e-ntfong-eni	= lidlelantfongeni
Ku-hlal-a	+ kahle	= inhlalakahle

4.15. KWAKHIWA KWEMABITO ETICHASISWENI

Emabito lambalwa lakhomba simo ayakhiwa asuselwa etichasisweni, ikakhulu eticwini temvelo tesiphawulo kanye naseticwini temvelo tesibaluli. Emabito lasuselwa esicwini sesiphawulo kanye nesicu selinani afana nelibito lelingaphumi elinanini ngalokuvetwe mayelana netinhlobo temagama, kakhulukati lawa laguculiwe, njengobe kukhonjiswa lapha ngendasi:



Lomdvwebo uchashunwe kuThwala (1996:38)

Sicalo sesigaba 7 *bu-* sibaluleke kakhulu ekwakiweni kwemabito lasuselwa etinhlakeni tesichasiso. Tonkhe ticu tesichasiso tivela nga- *bu-* njengobe kukhonjiswe lapha ngendasi:

Tibonelo:

Siphawulo		libito
-khulu	>	bu-khulu
-ncane	>	bu-ncane
-fisha	>	bu-fusha

Sibaluli		libito
-ncama	>	bu-ncama
-ngcunu	>	bu-ngcunu
-banti	>	bu-banti

4.16. KWAKHIWA KWEMABITO ETANDZISWENI

Kukhona emabito lambalwa lakhiwa asuselwa etandzisweni.

Tibonelo:

Sandziso		libito
Emuva	>	li-muva
Kusasa	>	li-kusasa
Ngekhatsi	>	li-ngekhatsi

4.17. KWAKHIWA KWEMABITO ETENTAKUTSINI

Tibonelo:

Sentakutsi		libito
Bhobo	>	si-bhobo
Bani	>	um-bani
Vinini	>	si-vinini

4.18. KWAKHIWA KWEMABITO ETIBABATWENI

Lamabito akhiwa ngekutsi kuphindvwe leticu tetibabato.

Tibonelo:

Tibabato		libito
Maye	>	bu-mayemaye
Hhawu	>	bu-hhawuhhawu

4.19. EMABITO LATIBANJALO (TIBANJALOBITO) (COPULATIVE OF THE NOUN)

(a) Onkhe emabito ayentiwa tibanjalo ngekushintja livi.

Tibanjalo letivumako

Tibonelo:

Umfati (a woman)	>	umfati (it is a woman)
Bafati (women)	>	bafati (it is women)
Tihlahla (trees)	>	tihlahla (it is trees)
Buhlalu (beads)	>	buhlalu (it is beads)
Kunatsa (to drink)	>	kunatsa (it is to drink)

(b) Emabito lacala ngankhamisa “u”, “e” na “i” ayamlahla lowo nkhamisa bese kuntjinja livi

Tibonelo:

Umuntfu (a person)	>	muntfu (it is a person)
Umfula (river)	>	mfula (it is a river)
lifula (rivers)	>	mifula (it is rivers)
Emacembe (leaves)	>	macembe (it is leaves)

(c) Emabito lacalisa ngankhamisa “u”na “e” agaca sakhi ng- aphekeletelwe kuntintja kwelivi.

Tibonelo:

- Úmfati (woman) > ngumfati (it is a woman)
- Umtimba (body) > ngumtimba (it is a body)
- Unyoko (your mother) > ngunyoko (it is your mother)
- Emacembe (leaves) > ngemacembe (it is leaves)

(d) Emabito latibanjalo laphikako

Tibonelo:

- Kufakwa sicalo (k)aku etibanjalweni letivumako
- (k)akumfati (it is not a woman)
- (k)akuyinja (it is not a dog)
- (k)akungumfula (it is not a river)

(e) Kujotjelelwa(k)akusi emabitweni

- (k)akusimuntfu (it is not a person)
- (k)akusinkhomo (it is not a cow)
- (k)akusilutfo (it is nothing)

4.20. EMABITO LABONDZAWENI (BOBITONDZAWENI)

(a) Emabito lasesigabeni 1 na 1a na 2 acalisa ngesakhi ku-

Tibonelo:

- Kumake (to mother)
- Kunyoko (to your mother)
- Kubogogo (to the grandmothers)
- Kumlumbi (to a white)

(b) Bondzaweni labakheka ngekucalisa ngankhamisa-e nesijobelelo –ini.

-a+ ini > -eni > indvodza > endvodzeni

-e+ ini	>	-eni	>	ingulube	> engulubeni
-i + -ini	>	-ini	>	lukhuni	> elukhunini
-o + -ini	>	-weni	>	bufongo	> ebutfongweni
-u + -ini	>	-wini	>	indvuku	> endvukwini

(c) Emabitondzaweni lakheka uma kulwangiswa

Uma bondzebembili b, bh, ph, m, mph na mb balandzelwa sicut sandzaweni –weni (-o + -ini) na –wini (-u + -ini) siye bese siyalwamgiswa.

Tibonelo:

Ingubo	>	engutjeni
Indlobho	>	endlojeni
Buchopho	>	ebuchosheni
Intsamo	>	entsanyeni
Litsambo	>	etsanjeni
Sigubhu	>	esigujini

(d) Bondzaweni labete sicut –ini

Tibonelo:

Likhaya	>	ekhaya
Imini	>	emini
Busika	>	ebusika
Emphumalanga		
Umsamo	>	emsamo

(e) Emabitomfakela

Emabitomfakela ngemabito latsetfwe kuletinye tilimi ikakhulukati elulwimini lwesingisi kanye nelwesibhunu abese ayemukeleka esiswatini. Cishe onkhe emalanga emaswati asebentisa loluhlobo lwemagama.

Tibonelo:

Bucket:	singisi	>	libhakede
Bicycle:	singisi	>	libhayisikili
Watch:	singisi	>	liwashi
Sout:	sibhunu	>	sawoti
Koek:	sibhunu	>	likukisi
Plaas:	sibhunu	>	lipulasi

4.21. EMABITOMFUTISELO

Lawa ngemabito lahlobene lasho kugcogcelwa ndzawonye kwemabito nanome anetinchazelo letingafani kodvwa abe acondze tintfo nobe tento letihlobene.

Tibonelo:

Imfuyo:	imbuti
	imvu
	inkhomo
	imbongolo
	lihhashi
Tive:	emaswati
	emangisi
	emabhunu
	emaxhosa

Tjani: likhwane
 inchoboza
 indvuli
 inkhofe

4.22. EMABITOMBACA

Emabitombaca luhlobo lwemabito lolwakhiwa ngekutsi kuhlanganiswe titfo tenkhulumo, tingaba nguletimbili noma letingetulu. Lamagama angaphuma nasesitfweni sinye, lekungaba kutsi aphuma uma kuhlanganiswa libito nalelinye libito.

Sichazamagama sesiswati (2017) sichaza emabitombaca sitsi:

*Libitobhanca ligama lelakheke ngekuhlanganisa titfo tenkhulumo
letehlukene*

Lanchazelo lengenhla ifakazela loku lokushiwo lapha ngenhla enkhulumeni leyandvulela yona. Lokuvele lapha enkhulumeni lengenhla kutsi emabitombaca luhlobo lwemabito lolwakheka ngekutsi kuhlanganiwe tintfo tenkhulumo letimbili nobe ngetulu kute kuphume ligama linye. Lapha ngendasi sitfola tibonelo temabitombaca nobe emabitobhaca.

Tibonelo:

Libito		libito		libitombaca
Ingwe	+	imphisi	>	ingwemphisi
Litje	+	boya	>	litjeboya
Ligeja	+	lizembe	>	ligejazembe

Libito		siphawulo		libitombaca
Uyise	+	lomkhulu	>	uyisemkhulu
Intfombi	+	lenhle	>	ntfombilenhle

Libito		sibaluli		libitombaca
Inkunzi	+	lemnyama	>	nkunzilemnyama
Tjwala	+	lobumunyu	>	tjwalamunyu
Intfombi	+	lemhlophe	>	ntfombiemhlophe
Libito		linani		libitombaca
Tintfombi	+	todvwa	>	ntfombitodvwa
Inhlitiyo	+	yinye	>	nhlitiyonye
Libito		sabito		libitombaca
Imphi	+	yabo	>	mphiyabo
Tifo	+	tonkhe	>	tifotonkhe
Libito		buniyo		libitombaca
Intfombi	+	yeiyise	>	ntfombeyise
Live	+	letfu	>	veletfu
Emandla	+	akhe	>	mandlakhe
Libito		sento		libitombaca
Make	+	tala	>	maketala
Lilanga	+	libalele	>	langalibalele
Umfana	+	ufikile	>	mfanufikile

Sento		libito		libitombaca
Phuma	+	lilanga	>	imphumalanga
Shisa	+	indlu	>	lishisandlu
Dlani	+	lifa	>	indlalifa
Sento		sandziso		libitombaca
Ngena	+	endlini	>	mangenendlini
Hlala	+	phansi	>	umhlalaphansi
Vela	+	kancane	>	livelakancane/ imvelakancane
Sento		sabito		libitombaca
Vuma	+	tonkhe	>	vumatonkhe
-va	+	ngedvwa	>	umvangedvwa
Lala	+	wodvwa	>	umlalawodvwa
Sento		sento		libitombaca
Hamba	+	ima	>	umhambuma
Gwaza	+	gijima	>	mgwazagijima
Dla	+	sula	>	lidlalisula

4.23. SIPHETFO

Lapha kulesehluko kubukwe tindlela letinyenti tekwakheka kwemabito/ lubumbomagama (word construction) lokufaka ekhatsi emabito lasuselwa kuletinye titfo tenkhulumo, emabito lavela uma kwakhiwa tinciphiso kanye netikhuliso. Kubonakele nekutsi libito linebudlelwane lobungakanani naletinye titfo tenkhulumo. Loku sikubone ngekutsi kukhona lamanye emabito lasuselwa etifweni tenkhulumo letinjengetento, tibabato, tentakutsi, tibanjalo netandziso. Lapha kuphindze kuvele

kutsi libito lingumgogodla nobe singatsi lingugobela wato tonkhe leti letinye titfo tenkhulumo.

SEHLUKO SESIHLANU SIPHETFO SELUCWANINGO

5.1. SINGENISO

Lapha kuhlatiywe libito njengencenyе yesitfo senkhulumo. Kuhlolisiswe kutsi libito liwenta njani umsebenti wekubayinhloko nobe umenti ngaphasi kwemphimiso, ingucukomsindvo, inchazomagama, lubumbomagama, luhlelomusho kanye nelulwiminhlaliswano. Kuvela kutsi libito ngilo inkunzi yesibaya lesikhulu lesingusobito lesibutsele ndzawonye emabito, tabito kanye netichasiso. Libito libukwe lapho lisebenta njengasobito emishweni. Kuhlatiywe kusebenta kwelibito naletinye titfo tenkhulumo letatiwako: Sichasiso, Sikhanyiso, Silandziso, Sihlanganiso neSibabato. Kubalulekile kutsi kwatiwe kabanti kutsi libito liyini, libaluleke ngani, lisetjentiswa njani futsi lakheke kanjani.

5.2. LOKUTFOLAKELE

- Kulolucwaningo siye satfola kucaciseleka ngenchazelo yelibito nekutsi libito lakiwe tincenyе letimbili: sicalo kanye nesicu.
- Kuye kwavela tinhlobo temabito letinyenti lapho libito lakiwa lisuselwa kuletinye titfo tenkhulumo njengesentakutsi, sichasiso, silandziso, sandziso, sento, kantsi futsi libito liyakhiwa lisuselwa kulamanye emabito. Emabito lakiwa asuselwa kulamanye emabito ngemabitongco lokungemabito ebantfu, emabitomvama, tinciphiso, tikhuliso, bulili kanye nemabito laphindza sicut. Libito lingasuselwa kuletinye tilwimi njengesingisi kanye nesibhunu.
- Kutfolakele nemagama lamasha: **emabitobuniyo** (possessive nouns), **tibanjalobito** (copulative of the nouns) kanye **nemabitondzaweni** (nouns as locatives).
- Nakwakhiwa emabito latikhuliso tetintfo letingafaki bulili, -kati uvamise kusetjentiswa nemabito latimele.
- Sicalo sesigaba 7 bu- sibaluleke kakhulu ekwakhiweni kwemabito lasuselwa etinhlakeni tesichasiso.
- Letibonelo letingenhla tivumelana naloko lokushiwo ngenhla kutsi kunetento longeke ukhone kwakhe inchazelo yelibito ngencenyе yato lengekhatsi.

- Timbili tinhlobo talesicalo, lesingu um-, lekunesicalo um- lesifishane, nesicalo umu- lekusicalo lesidze. Lokwenteka kunobe ngusiphi saleticalo kuncunywa sifundvo semisindvo yenkhulumo elulwimini ngekuhlola kusabalalisa kwavo nemaphethini kanye nemitsetfo lelawula kuphimisa. Nkhamisa –u wekugcina wesicalo umu- uyasuswa uma kungagcizelelwa.
- Lokunye lokuphawulekako lapha kutsi emabito lasesigaben 1 na 1a ngemabito ebantfu. Ngalokutentekelako, wonkhe emabito ebantfu entiwe bopapayi. Sigaba 1 ngemabito ebantfu latayelekile kantsi sigaba 1a yena wemabitongco.
- kwakheka kwaleticalo talamabito, singasho kutsi onkhe emabito lakuletigaba letilandzelako 2, 7, 8 ngemabito etintfo letingaphili. Ngalokutentekelako, awekho emabito ebantfu lavela nakuletigaba.
- Tonkhe tento tingacalwa ngesicalo sesigaba 8 ku- kute kutfolwe emabito lasuselwa etentweni.
- Ticalo tesigaba 7 tiveta emagama lasuselwe etichasisweni. Ngako-ke, mancane kakhulu emabito langacanjwa langasuselwa etichasisweni langatfolakala lacala ngesicalo bu- lesikusigaba 7.

5.3. TINCOMO

Tintfo letibalulekile lekfanele tibukwe ngeliso lelibukhali letitawudlala indzima lenkhulu ekutfutfukiseni lulwimi IweSiswati nguleti letilandzelako:

- ❖ Inchazomagama kufanele ifundziswe kusukela emabangeni laphasi kufinyelele emabangeni laphakeme ekufundza nekucecesha.
- ❖ Imibhalo letsintsa inchazomagama nelibito iyindlala ngako-ke kumele kukhutsatwe kuhlelwa nekubhalwa kwamibhalo letsintsa libito nenchazomagama ngobe kusisekelo selulwimi nekunotsa kwalo.
- ❖ Kufundzisa ngelibito kumele kuvele kubonakale nakuletinye tifundvo njengehlanganisela (integration). Loko kuyoveta kubaluleka kwalo emikhakheni yonkhe yemphilo.

- ❖ Inchazomagama yenta umntfwana akhaliphe emcondvweni ngekutsi akwati kuticabangela ajule, acambe, asungule, alungise, abhidlite abuye abulungisisise kuvele likhono lakhe nekuvisisa emagama.

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