AN EVALUATION OF THE LEVEL OF AWARENESS ABOUT
OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY PRACTICES AMONG
WORKERS AT UNIVERSITY OF VENDA

BY

NKUNA THOKO

STUDENT NUMBER: 11595638

A dissertation submitted in fulfillment of the requirements of

Master in Public Health

School of Health Sciences

University of Venda

Supervisor: Prof. H.A Akinsola

Co-Supervisor: Mr A.K Tugli

2012
health and safety education programmes. Recommendations that the University should create awareness among the workers by establishing programmes. 75 (46.7%) knew nothing about the role of safety representatives. It was revealed that there have no representatives in the Occupational Health and Safety Committee. Furthermore, 77 (47.7%) revealed that their is no OHS in the premises, while 65 (33.3%) jobs. Forty nine percent revealed that they are not trained on OHS Act from their previous Health and Safety Act before. While 37 (30.3%) heard about OHS Act, while 37 (30.3%) heard about Occupational safety was poor based on the following findings: 46 (37.9%) never heard about Occupational health and safety was poor based on the following findings:

The purpose of this study was to evaluate the level of awareness about occupational health and safety. (WHO, 2005)

deaths each year and nearly 146,000 deaths are attributable to work related conditions. According to the report, workplace mortality is also due to work related injuries causing nearly 31,000 deaths each year and nearly 146,000 deaths are attributable to work related conditions. For a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. For a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer. World Health Organization reports, indicated that occupational risk factors account for a number of morbidty conditions, including 7% of back pains, 16% of hearing loss, 13% of chronic obstructive lung disease, 11% of asthma, 10% of injuries and 9% of lung cancer.